

GX7000A/B

GX7002A/B

GX7010A/B

GX7012A/B

GX7005A

GX7015A

GX7000 6U PXI Instrumentation Platform Series

GxChassis Software

User's Guide

Last updated: December 9, 2013



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Chapter 1 - Introduction

Manual Scope and Organization

Manual Scope

The purpose of this manual is to provide all the necessary information to install, use, and maintain the **GX7000**, **GX7002**, **GX7010**, **GX7012**, **GX7005** and **GX7015** PXI chassis (B series and the older model A series). This manual assumes the reader has a general knowledge of PC based computers, Windows operating systems, and some understanding of digital to analog conversion. Throughout this manual, the designation GX70xx or GX70xxA may be used when describing features that are common to all chassis versions.

This manual also provides programming information using the GxChassis driver. Therefore, good understanding of programming development tools and languages may be necessary.

Manual Organization

The manual is organized in the following manner:

Chapter	Content
Chapter 1 – Introduction	Introduces the GX70XXA PXI chassis manual. Lists all the supported versions and shows warning conventions used in the manual.
Chapter 2 – Overview	Describes the GX70xxA PXI chassis features, chassis description, its architecture, specifications and the GxChassis panel description and operation.
Chapter 3 – Setup and Installation	Provides instructions on how to install the GX70XXA's accompanying GxChassis software.
Chapter 4 – Programming the Chassis GX70xx	Provides a listing of GxChassis driver files, general purpose/generic driver functions, and programming methods. Discusses various supported operating systems and development tools.
Chapter 5 – Functions Reference	Contains a listing of the general GxChassis functions. Each function is described along with its syntax, parameters, and special programming comments. Samples are given for each function.
Appendix A – Specifications	Provides the GX70XX specifications.
Appendix B – PXI Slots Pin Outs	Describes the P1 and P2 connector pin outs for the GX70xx backplane.
Appendix C – Rear Panel Connector Layout	Provides information on the rear panel connectors of the GX7000A/ GX7010A.
Appendix D EXT Rear Panel Power Connections	Provides information about the GX7015-EXT Rear Panel Power Connections GX70xx.
Appendix E - Universal Interface Receiver (GX7500)	Describes the Universal Interface Receiver.
Appendix F – Model Numbers	Describes the Chassis Model Numbers.

Conventions Used in this Manual

Symbol Convention	Meaning
	Static Sensitive Electronic Devices. Handle Carefully.
	Warnings that may pose a personal danger to your health. For example, shock hazard.
	Cautions where computer components may be damaged if not handled carefully.
	Tips that aid you in your work.

Formatting Convention	Meaning
Monospaced Text	Examples of field syntax and programming samples.
Bold type	Words or characters you type as the manual instructs, programming function names and window control names.
<i>Italic type</i>	Specialized terms. Titles of other reference books. Placeholders for items you must supply, such as function parameters

Chapter 2 - Overview

Introduction

Thank you for selecting the GX70xx PXI instrumentation chassis family. This state-of-the-art chassis is designed for test, data acquisition, process control, and factory automation applications. The GX70xx is a 6U, 19" PXI chassis available in both desktop and rack-mount configurations. The GX7000 chassis family is based on the CompactPCI™ (cPCI) and PXI™ (PCI eXtensions for Instrumentation) standards and accommodates up to 19 3U or 6U, PXI or cPCI instruments. The design of the GX70xx allows integration of PXI and cPCI boards from any vendor.

The GX70xx PXI instrumentation chassis comes with a GxChassis driver that supports the chassis Smart functions, which includes the monitoring of chassis temperature and power supplies as well as programming/routing of the PXI trigger lines. . The GxChassis driver provides complete API calls for controlling all of the PXI chassis capabilities as well as providing a soft front panel that supports these same capabilities. This driver is also included with the Marvin Test Solutions Product CD that is supplied with every chassis.

The GxChassis driver programs shutdown and alarm temperature limits, measures slot temperatures, controls the PXI trigger lines directions and states, and measures all system power supply voltages. In addition, the driver enables the user to save these settings to an on-board EEPROM that can then be used as default settings on power up. The user can also set the temperature scale used for programming or monitoring of any temperature value.

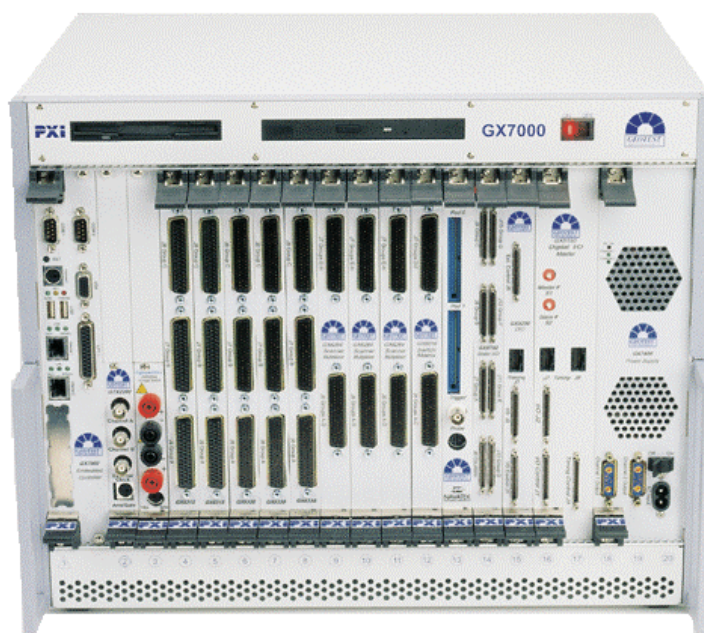


Figure 2-1: GX7000A Instrumentation Chassis

Features

The GX7000, GX7002, GX7005 master models and GX7010, GX7012 GX7015 slave models offer the following features:

- Master configurations which support an embedded controller module and include DVD-CDRW, hard-disk and Floppy drives (DVD-CDRW and hard drive not available on slave models. Floppy drives not available with the 70x5A, 70x0B and 70x2B models).
- 19 cPCI, 3U or 6U slots. Slot 1 is dedicated for an embedded controller or for a bus extension controller. Slot 2 can be used by a PXI Star Trigger Controller or by a PXI/cPCI instrument. Slots 3 through 15 support the PXI Star Trigger and Slots 16-20 accommodate PXI or cPCI instruments without the Star Trigger.
- Full compliance with PXI specifications revision 2.2. Supports features such as trigger bus, star trigger, local bus, and system clock.
- Interoperability with 32-bit 33MHz CompactPCI.
- Front-loading design. Boards are inserted from the front for simplified maintenance.
- Board user interface connectors face the front side of the platform enabling easy access to board connectors and cables and a short path to the interface.
- Four fans mounted under the instruments provide positive airflow for all instruments.
- Two fans provide cooling for the chassis power supplies.
- Two separate power supplies provide 800 or 1100 watts of system power.
Note: The 70x0B and 70x2B models have a 900W system power supply.
- Backplane incorporates a local bus, trigger bus, and a 10MHz reference clock.
- Support for external instrumentation and devices via the built-in serial (RS-232, RS-422 or RS-485), USB and Ethernet interfaces (master configurations only). Support for additional interfaces such as IEEE-488 (GPIB) is available via cPCI interface cards.
- Additional chassis may be daisy-chained using a PXI to PXI bus expander.
- Innovative PXI-Explorer™ software provides easy configuration tools for the chassis and instruments.

When bundled with **ATEasy**™, Marvin Test Solutions' award-winning test executive and software development environment, the chassis provides a complete system for creating any test and measurement application.

The GX7005 and GX7015 high power PXI chassis offer the following additional features:

- 4.5 KW system power provides adequate power for a full complement of GX5055 or GX5960 digital instruments (instead of the standard 800 or 1100 watts supplies).
- VCC and VEE system voltages supplied via the PXI J5 backplane connector for powering GX5055 and GX5960 pin electronics.
- High capacity cooling system includes four fans mounted under the instrument card cage and 4 fans located at the rear of the chassis.
- "Smart" system power configuration allows VCC and VEE voltages to be programmed to minimize instrument power dissipation and thermal loading.

Note: The GX7015-EXT chassis uses the standard GX7000 power system. External connectors located on the rear panel of the chassis allows the user to provide up to three external power supplies to the PXI P5 connectors located on the PXI backplane. No internal VCC or VEE system power supplies are provided with the GX7015-EXT.

The PXI Standard

The PXI standard was developed in response to the needs of test system developers and users who required a new platform that is high-performance, functional and reliable, yet easy to integrate and use.

By leveraging the PCI, CompactPCI, Microsoft Windows, and VXI standards, PXI brings together the right technologies for PC-based test and measurement, instrumentation, and industrial automation. Further, since PXI is a PC-based platform, it maintains software compatibility with industry-standard personal computers, as well as all PC-Based operating systems, software tools, and instrument drivers. Not only is PXI fully compatible with existing operating systems and software, it further implements the Virtual Instrument Software Architecture (VISA) standard that was created by the VXIplug&play System Alliance (see <http://www.vxi.org/>). VISA is used to locate and communicate with PXI, serial, VXI, and GPIB peripheral modules and is supported by test development software packages such as *ATEasy*[™], LabVIEW[™], LabWindows/CVI[™] and Agilent VEE[™].

PXI expands upon the PCI bus resulting in PXI users receiving all the benefits of PCI and cPCI within an architecture that also supports mechanical, electrical and software features. These features are typically focused on test & measurement, data acquisition, industrial instrumentation and factory automation applications.

The PXI standard is maintained by the PXI Systems Alliance (see <http://www.pxisa.org>). Manufacturers of PXI products are members of the alliance and sub-committees are assigned to manage different aspects of the specifications. Consequently, PXI users experience full interoperability between devices as all are designed to the same standards. Compared to PC-based products, PXI products are subjected to higher and more carefully defined levels of environmental performance – a necessity in today’s industrial environments.

Chassis Models

The GX7xxx chassis are available in several configurations, providing maximum flexibility for a variety of applications. The following models are available:

- GX7000 (A or B): This innovative chassis includes a DVD - CDRW, floppy disk (A model only) and hard disk drives. The GX7000 (A or B) is designed to operate with the GX79xx family of embedded controllers. A rear I/O interface board within the chassis connects the embedded controller to the peripheral devices and many of the controller’s interfaces (i.e. USB, RS-232, Ethernet, VGA, etc.) which are routed to the rear-panel of the GX7000, minimizing the number of connections required at the front of the chassis.

NOTE: Your GX79xx controller is provided with documentation that describes its available connections and configuration separately.
- GX7010 (A or B): This chassis is designed to operate with the GX799x PXI bus expanders or with a MXI-4 interface. This configuration allows the use of desktop PC or another PXI chassis as the system controller.
- GX7000A-1100: This chassis is identical to the GX7000A except that additional power is available to all slots (1100W total).
- GX7010A-1100: This chassis is identical to the GX7010A except that additional power is available to all slots (1100W total).
- GX7002(A or B) and GX7012(A or B): Both these models offer an integrated cable tray and hinged front panel for integration of a mass interconnect interface. The GX7002 (Figure 2-2) is designed to operate with the GX79xx family of embedded controllers and includes all of the features of the GX7000 chassis. The GX7012 offers the same features as the GX7010 and is designed to operate with external controllers such as the MXI-4 PXIbus expanders. Both models are available in 800 or 1100 watt power configurations (A version only). The GX7002B and GX7012B offer a 900 W system power configuration only.
- GX7002(A or B)-MP and GX7012(A or B)-MP: GX7002A/B or GX7012A/B configured with a MacPanel SCOUT Mass Interconnect Receiver. (Figure 2-3)

- GX7005A and GX7015A: These chassis feature the same overall dimensions as the GX7010 and GX7012 but feature a 4.5KW system power configuration with enhanced system cooling to support a full complement of GX5055 or GX5960 digital I/O boards. (Figure 2-4)

All models are available in a desktop or rack-mount configurations. For a rack-mount configuration, add the GX70xx rack mount kit (P/N 97000).

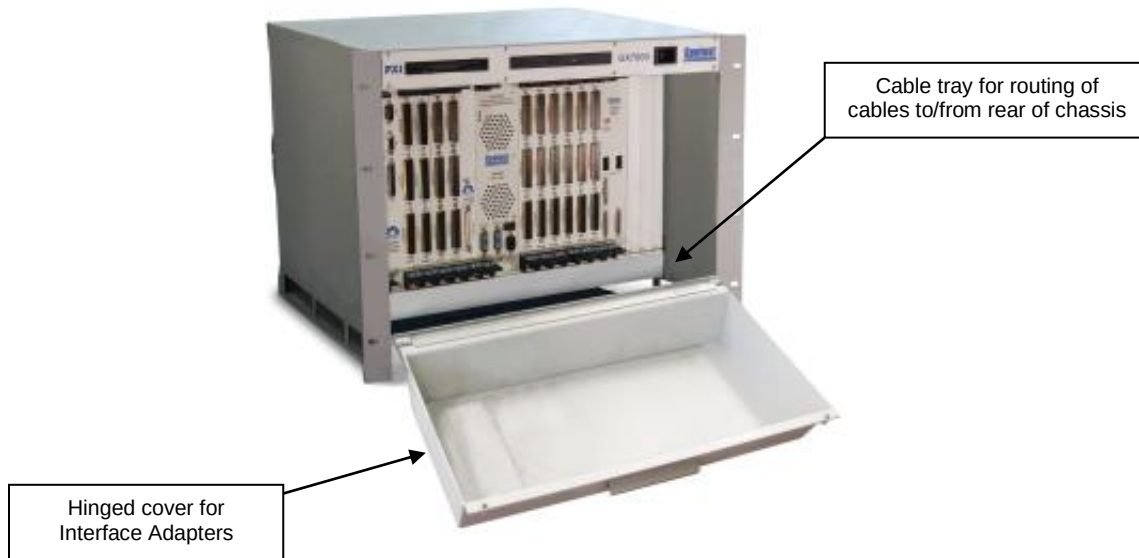


Figure 2-2: GX7002A



Figure 2-3: GX7002A-MP Front View



Figure 2-4: GX7015A, configured with GX5960 digital I/O cards

Optional Equipment

Marvin Test Solutions offers a variety of products to use with your GX70xx chassis as follows:

- Embedded Controllers
- Remote Controllers
- 3U & 6U PXI instruments
- Rack mount kits
- Blank panels
- 3U to 6U panel adapters allowing a 3U instrument to fit into a 6U chassis

For part numbers, refer to Appendix B or contact Marvin Test Solutions support.

Chassis Description – Front View

Figure 2-5 shows the front view of the GX7000A.

Note: The 70x0B, 70x2B, and GX70x5A models do not include a floppy drive.

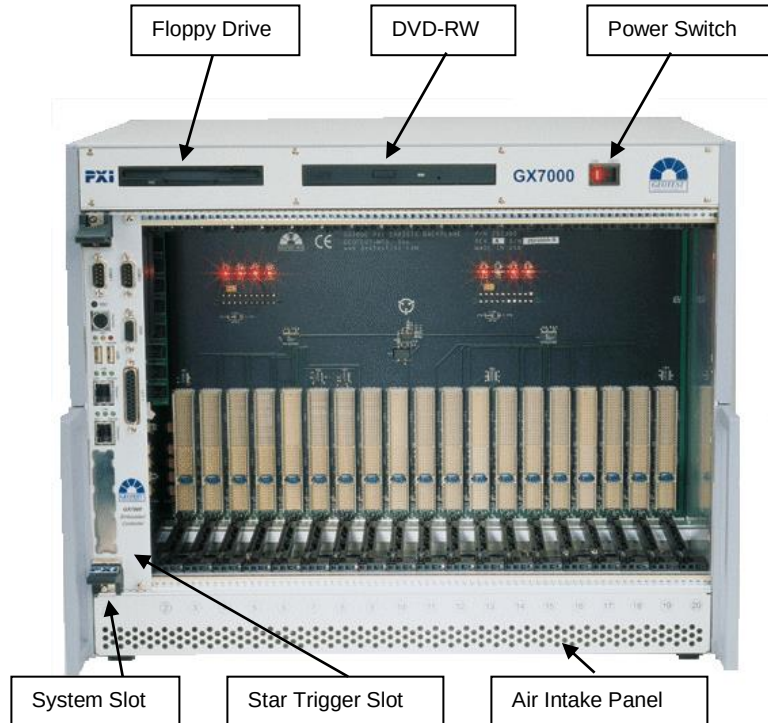


Figure 2-5: GX7000A Front View

Power Switch

On/Off rocker switch with a power On LED.

System Slot (Slot #1)

The System Slot is the leftmost slot and is used for embedded or remote controllers. . The system slot can accept any embedded controller that is 1 or 2 slots wide. The Marvin Test Solutions GX79xx models support the integral rear I/O connections to the built-in drives and rear panel I/O connections.

Star Trigger Controller Slot (Slot #2)

Either a Star Trigger controller or any PXI/cPCI instrument can use the Star Trigger Controller slot.

Air Intake Panel

This panel provides the intake for the 4 fans used for cooling of the GX7000. **DO NOT BLOCK THIS PANEL.**

GX7000 / GX7002 Chassis Description – Rear View

When used in conjunction with the GX79xx embedded controllers, many of the controller's peripheral I/O connections are available through the rear panel. This rear I/O panel is not present of the GX7010 and GX7012 chassis.

Figure 2-6 shows the rear view of the GX7000.

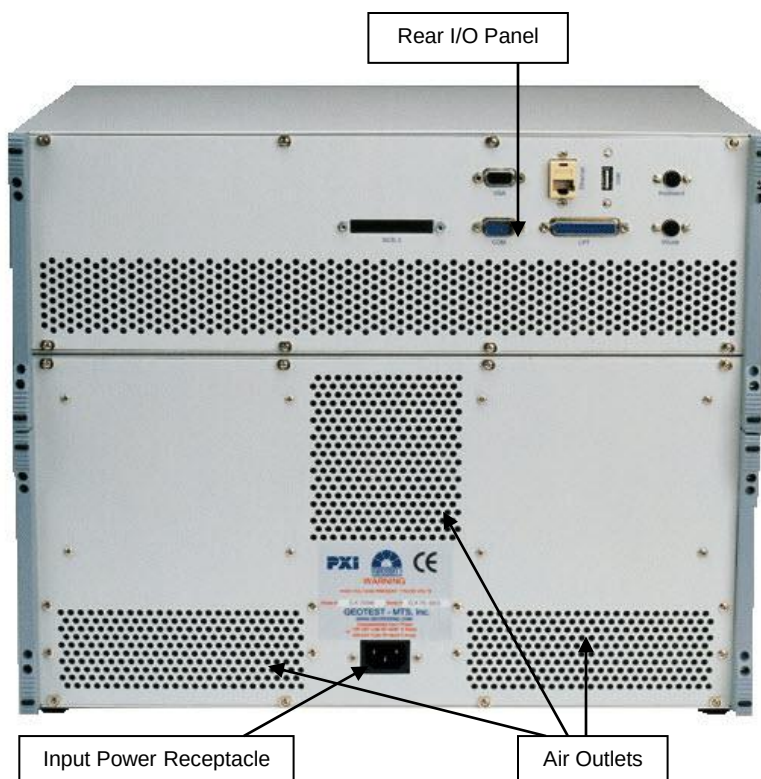
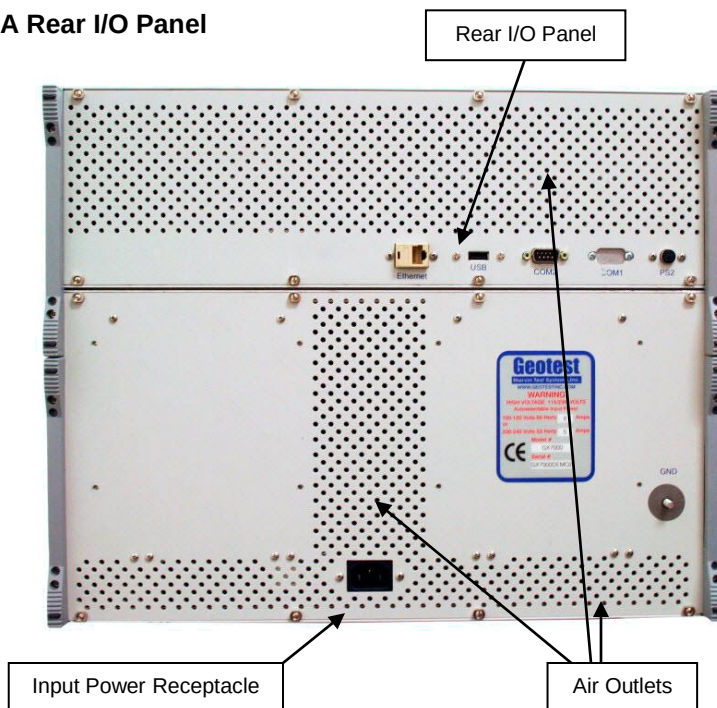


Figure 2-6: GX7000 Rear View

Note: The GX7000A's rear I/O panel is configured differently and supports only Ethernet, USB, PS2, and (2) COM interfaces. Figure 2-7 details the GX7000A rear panel and Figure 2-8 details the rear panel of the GX7000B model.

GX7000A / GX7002A Rear I/O Panel**Figure 2-7: GX7000A / GX7002A Rear I/O Panel****Input Power Receptacle**

This receptacle connects to the power cord provided.

Several connections are available only on the GX7000A and only if used with the GX79xx Embedded Controller. The connections are marked on the rear I/O panel. These connections are:

LPT - Parallel (Printer) Connector

Note: This port is not available with all controller models

COM - Serial COM port Connectors

Two Serial Ports are available depending on your specific controller: These ports may be routed to the rear or front panel and are factory preset to RS-232 mode. By default, COM1 is available at the front panel and COM2 at the rear panel.

COM1 may be routed to the rear panel by using the CMOS setup. Furthermore COM1 when routed to the back can be configured as RS-422 or RS-485. Contact Marvin Test Solutions for more details regarding this configuration.

USB Connector

A USB port

Ethernet Connector

A 10/100 BaseT Ethernet port. Some controllers require that you change the controller's CMOS configuration in order to use this port from the rear panel.

Keyboard Connector

A PS2 keyboard port. This port is not available with all controller models

Mouse Connector

A PS2 Mouse port. This port is not available with all controller models

GX7000B / GX7002B Rear I/O Panel

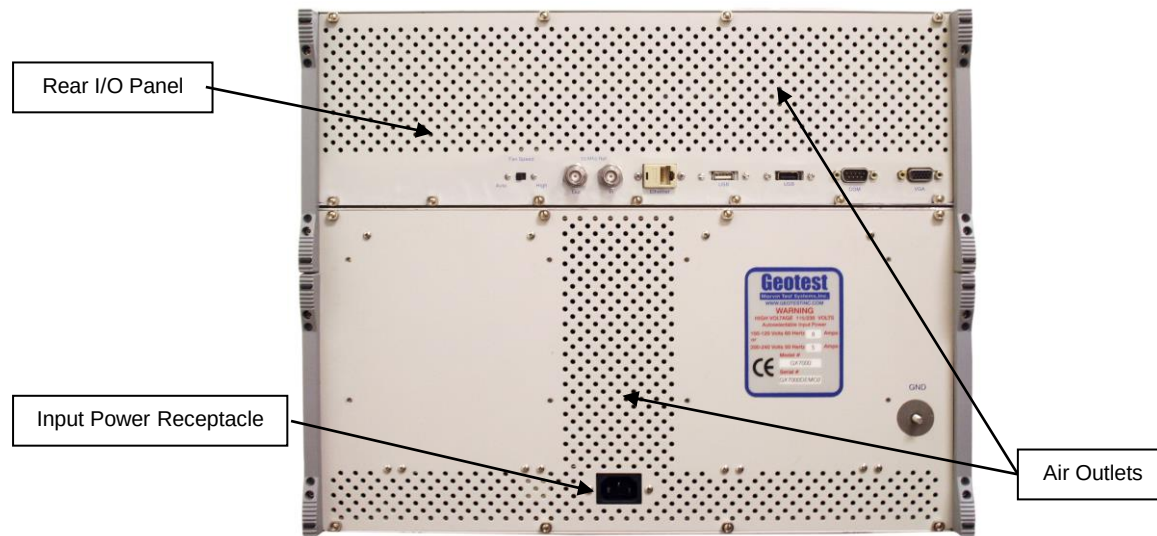


Figure 2-8: GX7000B / GX7002B Rear I/O Panel

Input Power Receptacle

This receptacle connects to the power cord provided.

Several connections are available only on the GX7000B and only if used with the GX79xx Embedded Controller. The connections are marked on the rear I/O panel. These connections are:

COM - Serial COM port Connectors

Two Serial Ports are available depending on your specific controller: These ports may be routed to the rear or front panel and are factory preset to RS-232 mode. By default, COM1 is available at the front panel and COM2 at the rear panel.

COM1 may be routed to the rear panel by using the CMOS setup. Furthermore COM1 when routed to the back can be configured as RS-422 or RS-485. Contact Marvin Test Solutions for more details regarding this configuration.

Two USB Connector

Two USB ports

Ethernet Connector

A 10/100 BaseT Ethernet port. Some controllers require that you change the controller's CMOS configuration in order to use this port from the rear panel.

PXI 10 MHz Input and Output Connections

An external 10 MHz clock can be provided to the chassis via this connection. When present, the chassis will automatically select this input as the 10 MHz reference for the PXI backplane. The 10 MHz output connection provides a buffered 10 MHz PXI clock output.

VGA Connector

Connection for system monitor / display

Auto / High Fan Speed Control

The fan speed control allows the user to select the fan control to be automatic (controlled by the GxChassis software based on internal chassis temperature) or for high power dissipation applications, the switch can be set to high which will set the fans to operate at high speed continuously

GX7015 Chassis Description – Front View

Figure 2-9 shows the front view of the GX7015A chassis.

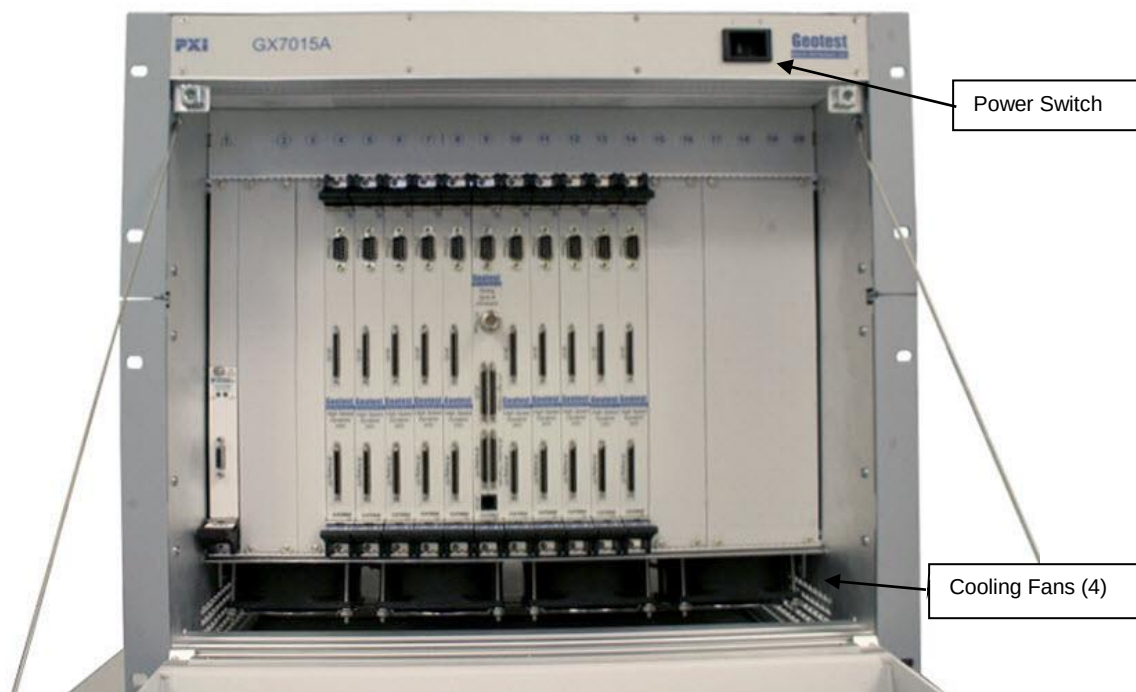


Figure 2-9: GX7015A Front View (configured with GX5960 modules)

Power Switch

On/Off rocker switch with a power On LED.

System Slot (Slot #1)

The System Slot is the left most slot and is used for remote controllers.

Star Trigger Controller Slot (Slot #2)

Either a Star Trigger controller or any PXI/cPCI instrument can use the Star Trigger Controller slot.

Cooling Fans

Four (4) high capacity cooling fans are located at the bottom of the card cage. Inlet air is drawn from the bottom and sides of the chassis. It is essential that these panels be not blocked or restricted.

GX7015 Chassis Description – Rear View

Figure 2-10 shows the rear view of the GX7015A.

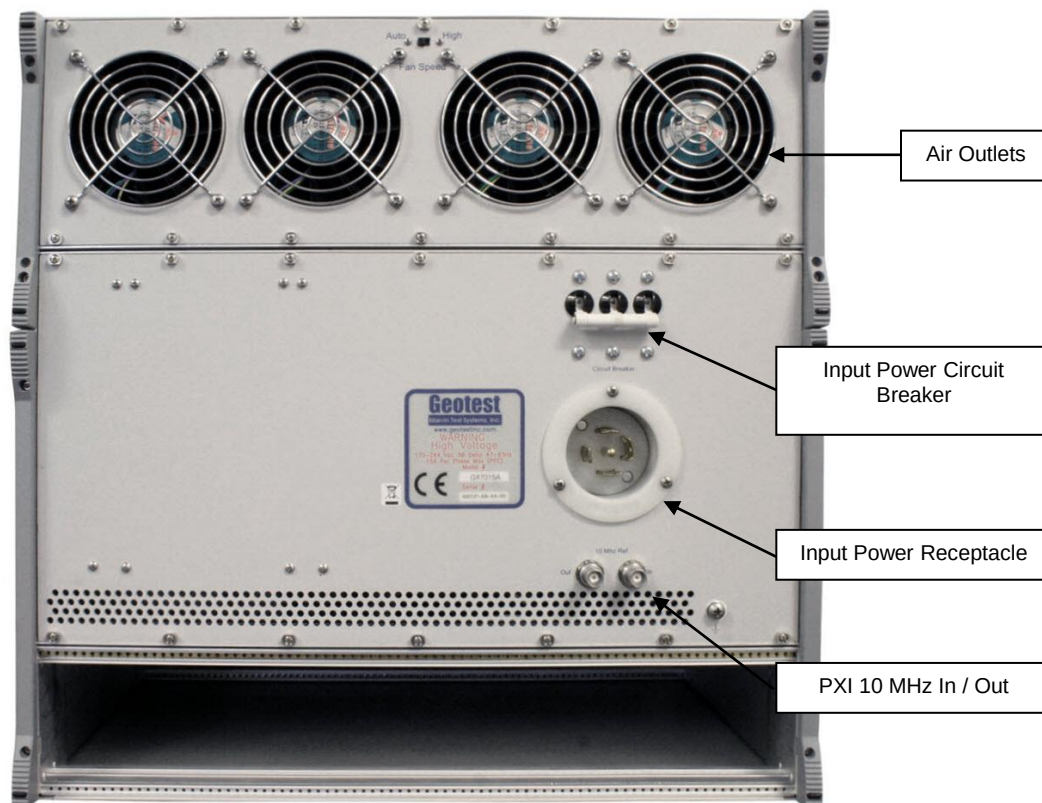


Figure 2-10: GX7015A Rear View

Input Power Receptacle

This receptacle connects to the provided power cord. Input power configuration is 3 phase Delta. See the specification section for voltage and current requirements.

Input Power Circuit Breaker

This circuit breaker disconnects all input power and protects the chassis from an over current or short circuit condition.

PXI 10 MHz Input and Output Connections

An external 10 MHz clock can be provided to the chassis via this connection. When present, the chassis will automatically select this input as the 10 MHz reference for the PXI backplane. The 10 MHz output connection provides a buffered 10 MHz PXI clock output.

Auto / High Fan Speed Control

The fan speed control allows the user to select the fan control to be automatic (controlled by the GxChassis software based on internal chassis temperature) or for high power dissipation applications, the switch can be set to high which will set the fans to operate at high speed continuously.

PXI Slots

GX7015-EXT Chassis Description - Rear View

Figure 2-11 shows the rear view of the GX7015-EXT:

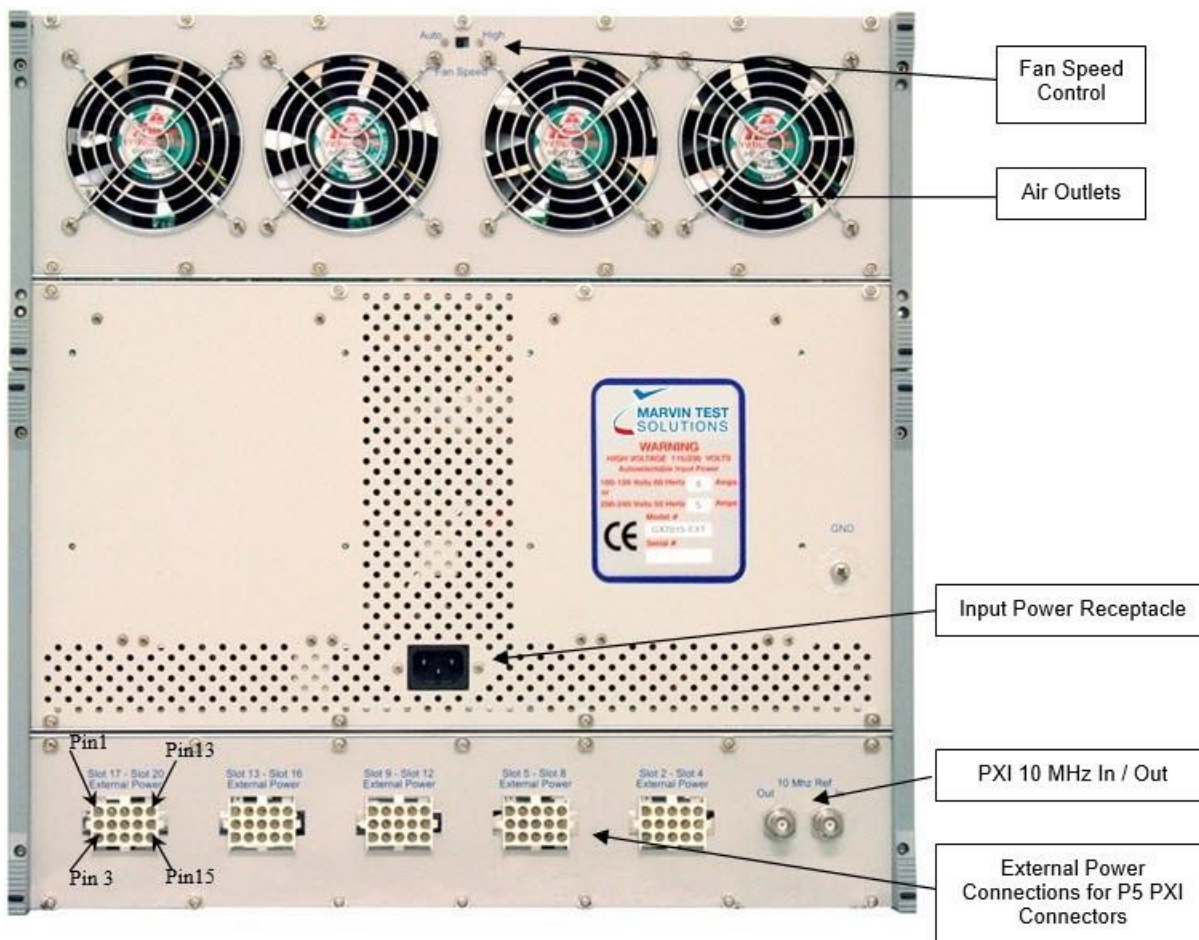


Figure 2-11: GX7015-EXT Rear View

Input Power Receptacle

This receptacle connects to the provided power cord. Input power configuration is single phase. See the specification section for voltage and current requirements.

PXI 10 MHz Input and Output Connections

An external 10 MHz clock can be provided to the chassis via this connection. When present, the chassis will automatically select this input as the 10 MHz reference for the PXI backplane. The 10 MHz output connection provides a buffered 10 MHz PXI clock output.

Auto / High Fan Speed Control

The fan speed control allows the user to select the fan control to be automatic (controlled by the GxChassis software based on internal chassis temperature) or for high power dissipation applications, the switch can be set to high which will set the fans to operate at high speed continuously.

External Power Connections

The five connectors located on the rear of the chassis provide (3) voltages to the P5 connectors located on the PXI backplane. Pin outs for the external power connectors and P5 connectors are detailed in Appendix B and C.

The GX70xxA and GX70xxB models support 20 6U slots numbered 1 to 20 as shown in Figure 2-11. Slot 1 is dedicated for an embedded controller or for a slave controller. Slot 2 can be used by a PXI Star Trigger Controller or by a PXI/cPCI instrument. Slots 3 through 15 supports the PXI Star Trigger and Slots 16-20 accommodate PXI or cPCI instruments without the Star Trigger.

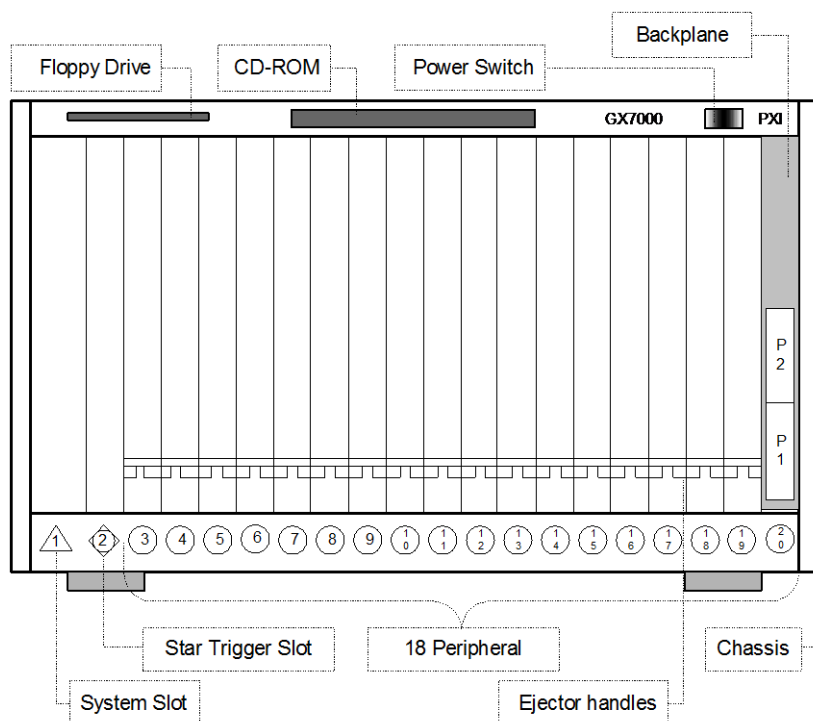


Figure 2-11: GX70xxA/B Slots

PXI Bus Segments

The GX70xxA/B slots are divided to three bus segments, which are connected using PCI-PCI bridge technology. The bridge device takes up one PCI load on each of the bus segments that it links together. The left bus segment holds the System Slot, the Star Trigger Slot and 5 more peripheral slots (Slot 3 to 7). The second segment holds slots 8 to 13. The third segment holds slots 14 to 20.

System Controller Slot

The System Controller slot is located in slot #1 of the chassis and has a width of 2 PXI slots with the PXI connector residing at the left side of the backplane. Slot numbers are clearly labeled below each slot where slot #1 is leftmost slot and slot #20 is the rightmost. The GX70xxA/B can accept either 3U or 6U embedded controllers that are either 1-slot or 2-slot wide with 1 PXI connector at the left side. The Marvin Test Solutions GX79XX embedded controller

family is 6U and occupies single slot. Since the GX70xxA backplane is designed so that the left slot of the controller will have a PXI slot you must ensure before purchasing a third party controller that the controller's interface is located on the left side of the controller.

Star Trigger Controller Slot

Slot 2 is the Star Trigger (ST) Controller slot (2nd from the left). This slot has a dedicated trigger lines going to slots 3 through 15. The Star Trigger is used to synchronize between 14 instruments and it utilizes back plane traces that are of equal length, providing for a skew of less than 1nSec between slots. If you do not need a Star Trigger Controller, any PXI or cPCI instrument can be used in this slot. See Figure 2-14 in this chapter for more information about the available trigger architectures.

Peripheral Slots

The GX70xx models have eighteen peripheral slots located in slots #3 through #20 as shown in Figure 2-14.

Slots 3 through 15 support the Star Trigger while slots 16 through 20 accommodate PXI or cPCI instruments without the Star Trigger.

3U and 6U Boards

The GX70xxA/B supports both form factors of PXI instruments: 3U (100 by 160 mm, or 3.94 by 6.3 in.) and 6U (233.35 by 160 mm, or 9.19 by 6.3 in.). These two form factors are shown in Figure 2-12:

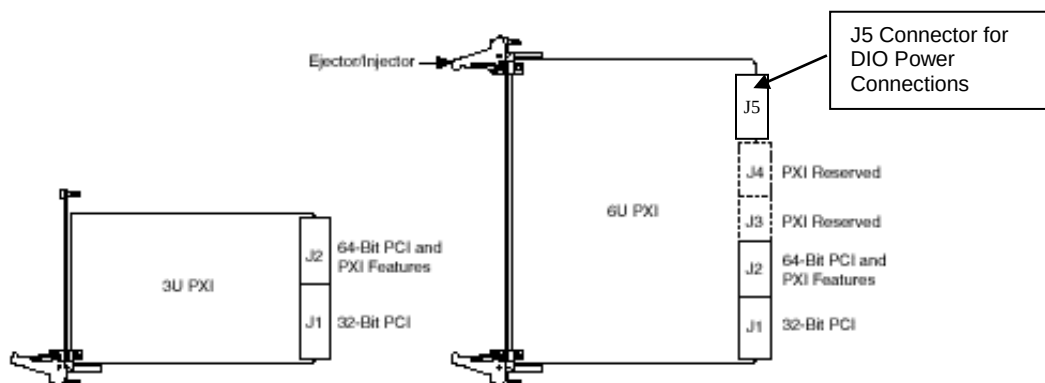


Figure 2-12: 3U and 6U PXI Boards

The PXI board has two rear connectors J1 and J2. J1 is used to carry the PCI signals, and J2 is used to carry the PXI signals. PXI signals include the local bus, star trigger signals and trigger bus signals. They are described later in this chapter.

The GX70xxA/B backplane carries the *interface connectors* (P1 and P2) and provides the interconnection between the controller and peripheral modules.

Note: The GX7015's backplane includes the P5 connector which is used to supply power to Marvin Test Solutions' GX5055 and GX5960 digital instruments via the J5 connectors located on each board. The GX7015-EXT provide (3) voltage rails via the P5 connector.

Local Bus

The PXI local bus is a daisy-chained bus connecting peripheral slots in the same bus segment. Each local bus is comprised of 13 user-defined lines and can be used to pass analog or digital signals between modules or to provide a high-speed side-band digital communication path that does not affect the PXI bandwidth.

Each local bus signal line can support voltages from 0 to 42V DC and up to 200 mA DC current.

The local bus lines for the leftmost peripheral slot of a PXI back plane (slot 2) are used for the star trigger. Figure 2-12 schematically shows a complete PXI system demonstrating the local buses.

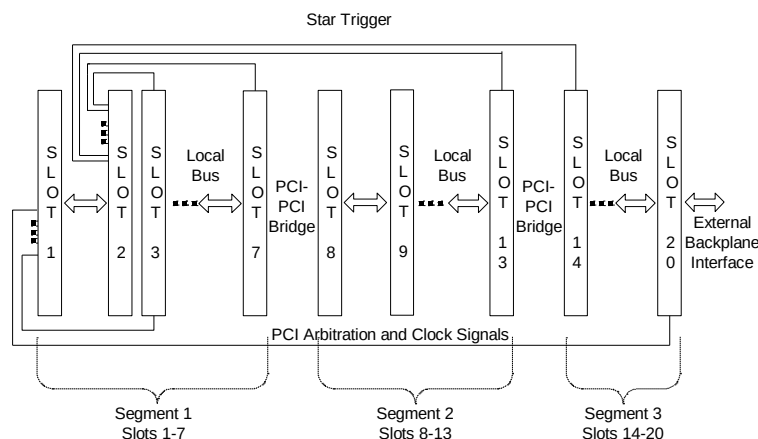


Figure 2-13: PXI Local Bus Routing

Trigger Bus

The eight PXI bus trigger lines can be used in a variety of ways. For example, triggers can be used to synchronize the operation of several different PXI peripheral modules. In other applications, one module can control carefully timed sequences of operations with other modules in the system. Triggers may be passed from one module to another, allowing precisely timed responses to asynchronous external events that are being monitored or controlled. The number of triggers that a particular application requires varies with the complexity and number of events involved.

The PXI trigger bus provides connectivity only within a single bus segment and does not allow physical connection to an adjacent bus segment. This maintains the high performance characteristics of the trigger bus and allows the GX70xxA/B to partition instruments into logical groups as show in Figure 2-14. However, logical connections of the trigger bus are allowed. Under software control, the GX70xxA/B's trigger lines can be isolated or interconnected to each segment's eight trigger lines. Signal direction between segments is also controlled by software for each trigger line.

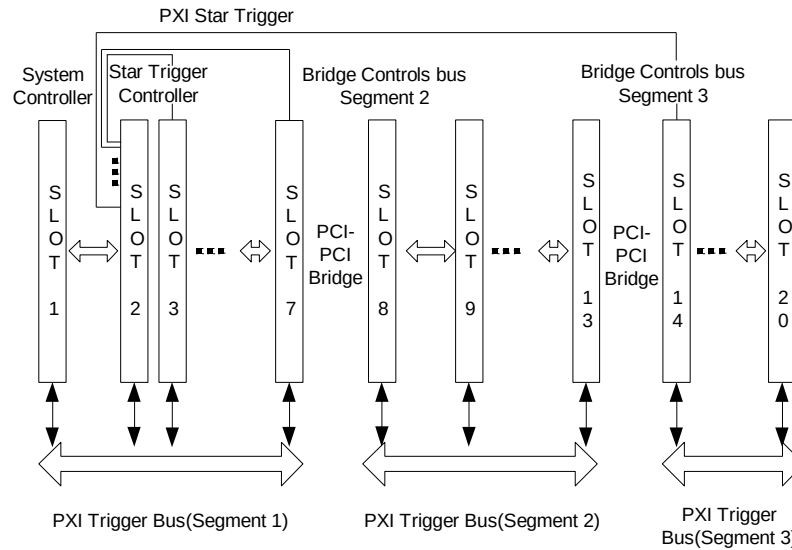


Figure 2-14: PXI Trigger Architecture

Star Trigger Lines

Thirteen PXI trigger lines are connected to slots 3 to 15. The PXI star trigger lines can be used to synchronize the operation of several different PXI peripheral modules.

The PXI star trigger bus offers ultra-high performance synchronization features to users of PXI systems. The star trigger bus implements a dedicated trigger line between the first peripheral slot (adjacent to the system slot) and the other peripheral slots. A star trigger controller can be installed in this slot and can be used to provide very precise trigger signals to other peripheral modules. Systems that do not require this advanced trigger can install any standard peripheral module in this slot. Through the required use of line-length equalization techniques for routing the star triggers, PXI systems can meet demanding triggering requirements for which bused triggers are not appropriate. Note that the star trigger can be used to communicate information back to the star trigger controller, as in the case of reporting a slot's status, as well as responding to information provided by the star trigger controller.

This trigger architecture for PXI gives two unique advantages in augmenting the bused trigger lines. The first advantage is a guarantee of a unique trigger line for each module in the system. For large systems, this eliminates the need to combine multiple module functions on a single trigger line or to artificially limit the number of trigger times available. The second advantage is the low-skew connection from a single trigger point. The PXI backplane defines specific layout requirements such that the star trigger lines provide matched propagation time from the star trigger slot to each module resulting in very precise trigger relationships between each module.

System Reference Clock

The PXI 10 MHz system clock (PXI_CLK10) is distributed to all slots of the GX70xx. The signal is distributed to each slot using equal length traces and a low jitter clock driver. This common reference clock can be used for synchronization of multiple instruments in measurement or control systems. The star trigger controller in slot two can supply an external 10MHz reference clock. When the GX70xx detects the presence of an external reference clock it automatically switches from the internal reference source to the external source. Note that the GX70x5A, GX70x0B and GX70x2B chassis can accept an external 10 MHz clock via the rear panel connection which can be used as the PXI 10 MHz system clock.

GX7000, GX7010, GX7002, GX7012, GX7015-EXT System Power Supplies

Two power supplies provide operating power to all slots of the GX70xx (models A or B).

Power Distribution

The GX70xx models meet or exceed the requirements of the PXI specifications regarding the power provided to each slot. The table below lists the power per slot required by the PXI specification:

Slot / Voltage	5V	3.3V	+12V	-12V
System Slot	6A	6A	0.5A	0.25A
Instrument Slot	2A	2A	0.5A	0.25A
Total for a 20-Slot Chassis	44A	44A	10A	5A

Table 2-1: Power per slot required by the PXI standard

The power provided by the GX70x0A and GX70x2A (800W models) is listed in the table below:

Slot / Voltage	5V	3.3V	+12V	-12V
System Slot	8A	6A	2A	0.25A
Instrument Slot	3.2A	2.3A	2A	0.25A
Total for GX7000/GX7010	84A	60A	54A	5A

Table 2-2: The power provided by the GX70x0A & GX70x2A, 800W models

Note: The maximum combined power for the 3.3 and 5 V supplies for slots 1 – 7 cannot exceed 250 W.

The maximum combined power for the 3.3 and 5 V supplies for slots 8 - 20 cannot exceed 250 W.

The power provided by the GX70x0A -1100 and GX70x2A-1100 (1100W models) is listed in Table 2-3 below:

Slot / Voltage	5V	3.3V	+12V	-12V
System Slot	8A	6A	2A	0.25A
Instrument Slot	3.2A	3A	2A	0.25A
Total for GX7000-1100 / GX7010-1100	120A	80A	64A	5A

Table 2-3: Power provided by the GX70x0A-1100 & GX70x2A, 1100W models

Note: The maximum combined power for the 3.3 and 5 V supplies for slots 1 – 7 cannot exceed 300 W.

The maximum combined power for the 3.3 and 5 V supplies for slots 8 - 20 cannot exceed 300 W.

The maximum current provided by the GX70x0B, GX70x2B and GX7015-EXT for a PXI slot is listed in the Table 2-4 below:

Slot / Voltage	VIO (5V)	5V	3.3V	+12V	-12V
System Slot	11A	8A	10A	1A	0.25A
Instrument Slot	11A	8A	10A	1A	0.25A

Table 2-4: Power provided by the GX70x0B and GX70x2B chassis

The dual-power supply design of the GX70x0B and GX70x2B provides for additional power beyond what is specified in the table. Approximately 30% more power is available to slots 2 through 7.

GX7015 System Power Supplies

The power system for the GX7015 provides approximately 4.5 KW of system power and includes high power supplies for digital pin electronics (VCC and VEE) as well as an additional 3.3 V supply that is supplied via the backplane's P5 connectors. The VCC and VEE power supplies are programmable and are controlled via the digital instrument drivers based upon the drive and sense voltage levels programmed by the user. The result is that overall instrument power consumption and power dissipation can be minimized resulting lower operating temperatures and increased reliability. Additionally, the GX7015's backplane is segmented into four power system quadrants allowing, each quadrant to be independently controlled and programmed providing additional flexibility and further optimizing overall power system management.

GX7015 Power Distribution

The GX7015 power system includes a 560 watt power supply which supplies the + 5 V, -12V and +12 V to all 20 PXI slots. This supply also supplies 3.3V to slots 8 – 20. An additional 3.3V supply supplies 40A to slots 1 – 8. In addition there are (4) VCC / VEE programmable power supplies which supply 20 amps to each quadrant as well as an additional 3.3 V supply which supplies up to 60 amps via the J5 connector. Table 2-3 details the GX7005 / GX7015 system power capabilities.

Slot / Voltage	5V	3.3V	+12V	-12V
PXI Power * (connected to all slots)	60A		32A	3A
PXI Power* (slots 8 -20)		40 A		
PXI Power (slots 1-7)		40 A		
	VCC: 10 to 30 V	VEE: -4 to -18 V		
Programmable VCC & VEE Supplies (4)	20A	20A		
Supplemental 3.3V (via P5 connector)		60A		

Table 2-3: GX7005 / GX7015 System Power Capabilities

*Total power for 3.3V and 5V cannot exceed 300 W.

The VCC / VEE power supplies are allocated to the following PXI slots:

Quadrant 1: Slots 4 – 7

Quadrant 2: Slots 8 – 11

Quadrant 3: Slots 12 – 15

Quadrant 4: Slots 16 – 19

Overview of the GxChassis Software

Once the GxChassis software installed, the following tools and software components are available:

- **PXI/PCI Explorer applet** – use to configure the PXI chassis, controllers and devices. This is required for accurate identification of your PXI instruments later on when installed in your system. The applet configuration is saved to PXISYS.ini and PXIeSYS.ini that are used by Marvin Test Solutions' instruments, the VISA provider and VISA based instruments drivers. In addition, the applet can be used to assign chassis numbers, Legacy Slot numbers and instruments alias names.

VISA is a standard maintained by the VXI Plug & Play System Alliance and the PXI Systems Alliance organizations (<http://www.vxipnp.org/>, <http://www.pxisa.org/>). VISA provides a standard way for instrument manufacturers and users to write and use instruments drivers. The VISA resource managers such as National Instruments **Measurement & Automation** (NI-MAX) can display and configure instruments and their address (similar to Marvin Test Solutions PXI/PCI Explorer).

- **GxChassis Panel** – use to configure the smart chassis features includes over-temperature behavior, control the system fans, measure slot temperature and system power supply usage and program trigger lines direction and connection between PXI bus segments.
- **GxChassis driver** - a DLL (GxChassis.DLL located in the Windows System folder) used to program and control the board.
- **Programming files and examples** – interface files and libraries for various programming tools, see later in this chapter for a complete list of files and development tools supported by the driver.
- **Documentation** – On-Line help and User's Guide.

GxChassis driver Features

The GxChassis software has the following features:

- Program the PXI chassis' over-temperature shutdown level.
- Program the PXI chassis' over-temperature alarm level.
- Measure all PXI chassis slot temperatures.
- Enable/disable each of the PXI chassis slots' temperature measurements.
- Measure all PXI chassis backplane power supply voltages (+3.3V, +5V, +12V, -12V).
- Measure the PXI chassis backplane voltage level supplied to the VIO pins.
- Program each PXI trigger lines' direction.
- Enable/disable each of the eight PXI trigger lines.
- Selectable temperature scale.
- Save settings to an on-board EEPROM to be used as defaults.
- Complete API calls controlling all of the PXI chassis' capabilities.

- Front panel control of all of the PXI chassis' capabilities.

Virtual Panel Description

The GxChassis driver includes a virtual panel program, which allows full utilization of the various configurations and controlling modes. To fully understand the front panel operation, it is best to become familiar with the functionality of the chassis.

To open the virtual panel application, select **GxChassis Panel** from the Marvin Test Solutions, **GxChassis** menu under the **Start** menu. The GxChassis virtual panel opens as shown here:

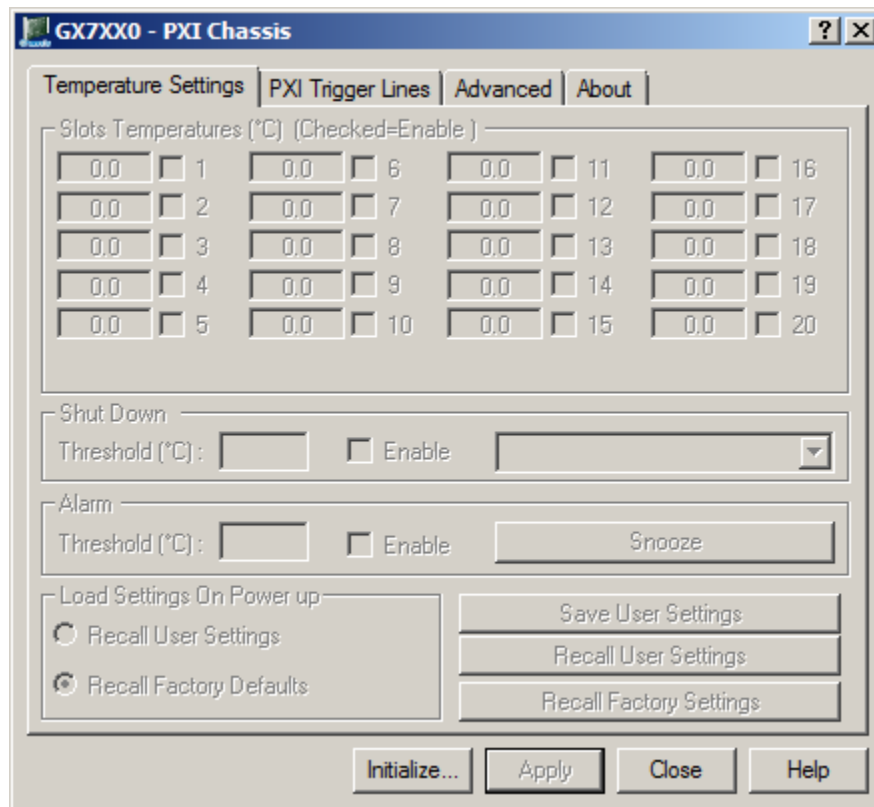


Figure 2-15: GxChassis Virtual Panel – Temperature Settings (not Initialized)

Virtual Panel Initialize Dialog

The Initialize Dialog initializes the chassis while the settings of the chosen chassis **will not change**. The panel will reflect the current settings of the board after the Initialize dialog closes.

The Marvin Test Solutions' **Chassis** number and the model in the Initialize dialog box refer to the PXI **Chassis** number in which it was set. Select the chassis from the drop down list. The list displays all the Marvin Test Solutions' chassis that the PXI Explorer found. The chassis number can also be reviewed or set by using the **PXI/PCI Explorer** applet located in the Windows Control Panel. Select the chassis number and click **OK** to initialize the driver for the specified chassis.

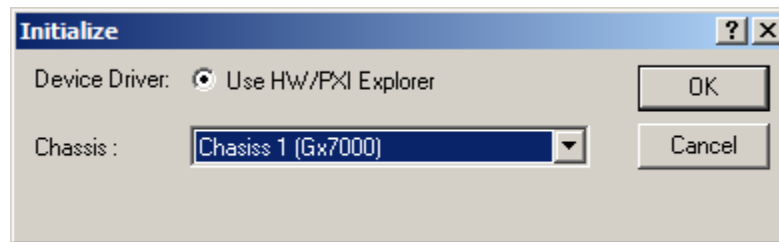


Figure 2-16: Initialize Dialog Box using Marvin Test Solutions' HW driver

Virtual Panel Temperature Settings

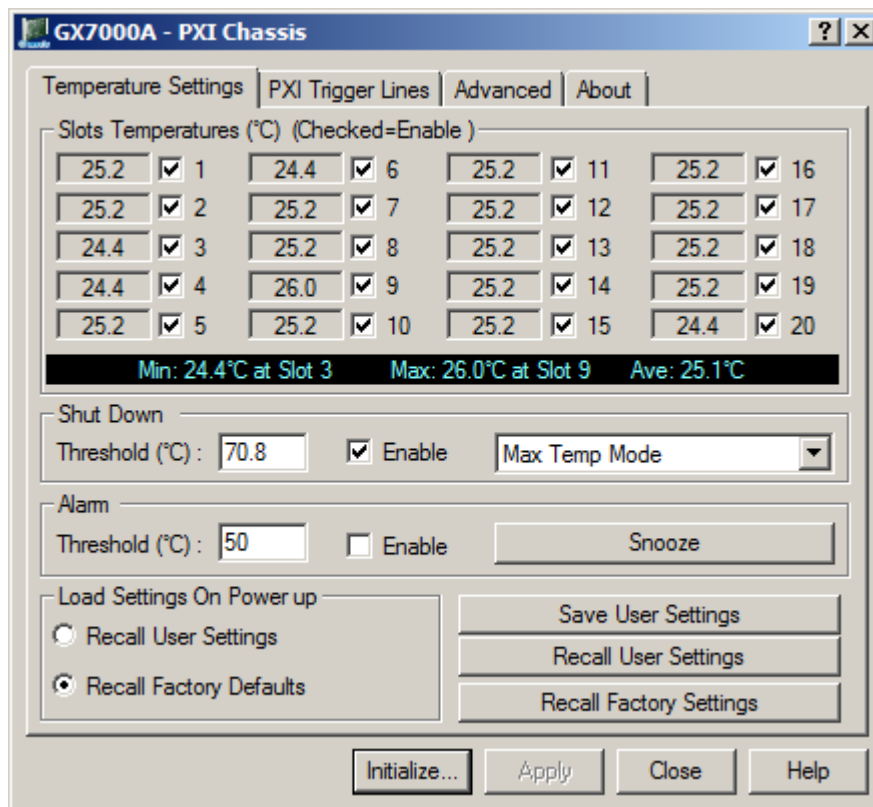


Figure 2-17: GxChassis Virtual Panel – Temperature Settings

The following controls are shown in the Temperature Settings page:

Slots Temperatures (Group Box)

Displays measurement of all active slots' temperatures and sets/displays slots' active states. Only active (enabled) slots determine if the alarm or shutdown thresholds' conditions were met.

Shut Down (Group Box)

Threshold (Edit box): Sets/displays the shutdown temperature to any value between 20°C and +70°C. The programmed threshold can be saved to the onboard EEPROM and be automatically loaded on the next system power up.

Enable (Button): If checked, the shutdown temperature is enabled.

Mode (Combo dropdown list): Sets/displays the temperature threshold operational mode. The temperature threshold operational mode dictates how the alarm and shutdown thresholds will be activated. When set to Max Temp Mode, the shutdown and alarm temperature will be activated when any of the active slots temperature is above the threshold. When set to Average Temp Mode, the alarm will be activated when the average of all active slots' temperatures are above the alarm threshold.

Alarm (Group Box)

Threshold (Edit box): Sets the Alarm state. When the Alarm is on (threshold condition was met or set to On) both backplane buzzers will beep simultaneously in intervals of 10 seconds.

Enable (Button): Check enables the threshold temperature at which point, the alarm will turn on..

Snooze (Button): Snooze the Alarm when it is on. If the alarm condition reoccurs, the alarm will reactivate.

On Power up (Group Box)

Sets/displays the source settings to be loaded or saved.

Save User Settings (Button): Saves all current settings to the onboard EEPROM as well as which settings will be loaded on the next power up as was specified in the On Power up (Group Box).

Recall User Settings (Button): Loads and applies the last saved user's settings from the onboard EEPROM.

Recall Factory Settings (Button): Loads and applies the factory default settings.

Apply: Applies current settings.

Close: Closes (exits) the GxChassis panel.

Help: Opens the GxChassis on-line help window.

Virtual Panel PXI Trigger Lines

Clicking on the PXI Trigger Line tab will show the **PXI Trigger Line** page as shown in Figure 2-18:

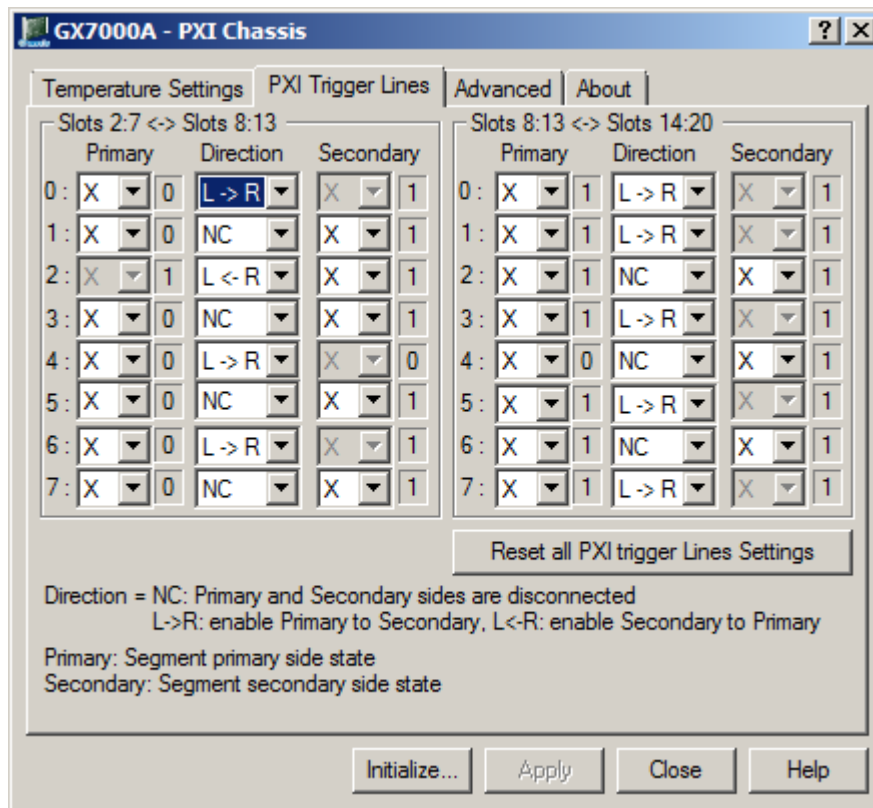


Figure 2-18: GxChassis Virtual Panel – PXI Trigger Lines

The following controls are shown in the PXI Trigger Lines page:

Slots 1:7 <-> Slots 8:13(Group Box)

Sets/Displays PXI trigger line states and directions between slots 1:7 and slots 8:13.

Slots 8:13 <-> Slots 14:20(Group Box)

Sets/Displays PXI trigger line states and directions between slots 8:13 and slots 14:20.

Virtual Panel Advanced page

Clicking on the **Advanced** tab will show the **Advanced page** as shown in Figure 2-19:

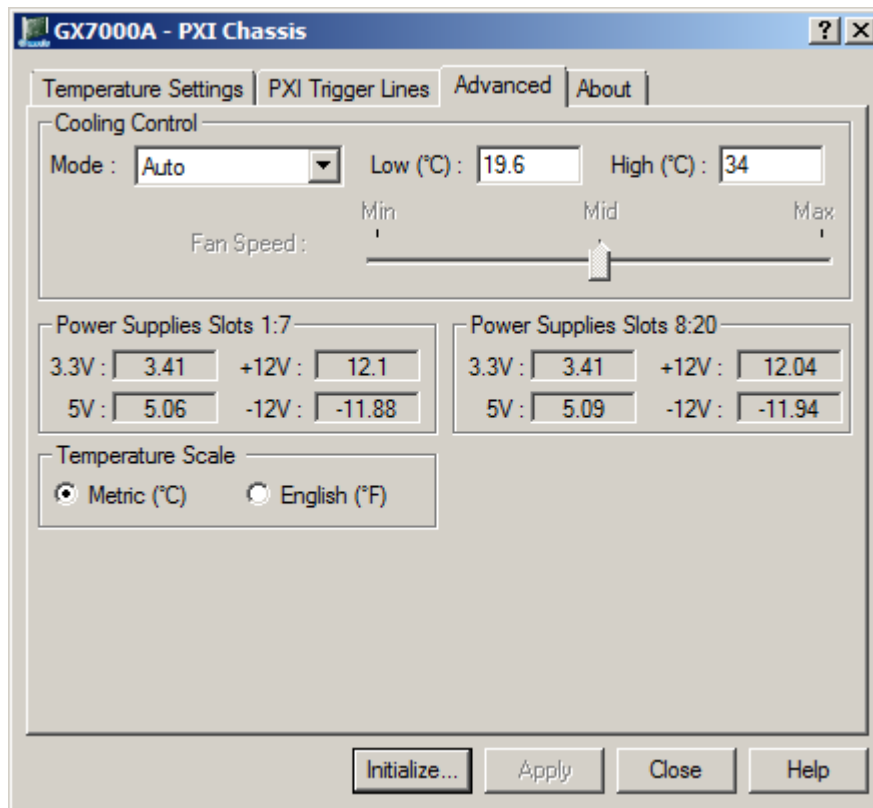


Figure 2-19: GxChassis Virtual Panel – Advanced page

The following controls are shown in the Advanced page:

Power Supplies Slots 1:7 (Group Box)

Displays the measured +3.3V, +5V, +12V and -12V backplane voltages for slots 1 through 7.

Power Supplies Slots 8:20 (Group Box)

Displays the measured +3.3V, +5V, +12V and -12V backplane voltages for slots 8 through 20.

Note: Measurement of VCC and VEE voltages for the GX7005A / GX70015A is done via the digital instrument driver.

Temperature Scale (Group Box)

Sets/Displays the temperature scale to Metric or English used for setting or getting any temperature value. Once the temperature scale is set, the same scale will be applied to all temperature values, e.g. shutdown temperature. The temperature scale setting is saved to the host computer.

Virtual Panel About Page

Clicking on the **About** tab will show the **About** page as shown in Figure 2-20:

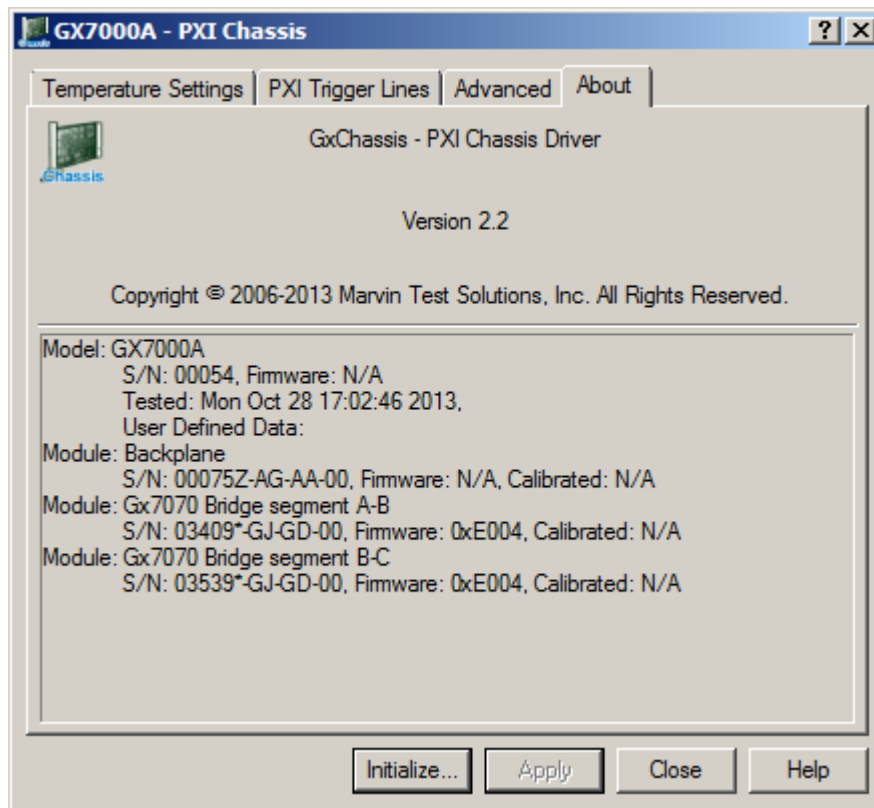


Figure 2-20: GxChassis Virtual Panel – About Page

The top part of the **About** page displays version and copyright of the GxChassis driver. The bottom part displays the board summary, including the EEPROM version; board Revision, FPGA version, board serial number and the calibration time.

Chapter 3 - Setup and Installation

This chapter describes how to set up the GX70xxA chassis and boards.

Unpacking and Inspecting the Chassis

1. Before unpacking the unit, check the outside of the shipping package for damage. Note any damage on the shipping bill.
2. Remove the chassis from the shipping carton.
3. Read the packing list to ensure all listed items are enclosed, including hardware, power cords, manuals, etc.
4. Inspect the unit. If any missing items, defects, or damage are noticed, notify Marvin Test Solutions immediately.

Mounting Information

The GX70xxA/B is designed to operate on a bench or within an instrument rack system. Follow the appropriate installation instructions for your GX70xxA/B chassis.

Openings in the rear and along the bottom-front panel of the chassis facilitate power supply and instrument cooling. This is very important to the operation of your GX70xxA/B. Make sure to place your GX70xxA on a bench top or in an instrument rack so the air intake openings in the front and the air outlet openings along the rear panel are not blocked. Keep other equipment a minimum of 3 inches away from the air intake and outlets.

Rack-mount applications require the optional rack-mount kit which is available from Marvin Test Solutions. Refer to the rack-mount kit documentation to install your GX70xxA in an instrument rack.

GX7000 / GX7010 / GX7002 / GX7012 / GX7015-EXT Line Voltage Selection and Current Values

The voltage selection for proper operation of the GX700, GX7010, GX7002, GX7012 and GX7015-EXT is automatic (A or B models). The Chassis power supplies will automatically select the proper input voltage configuration. Check the voltage/current requirements on the unit's rear panel decal to verify that you have the correct circuit breaker. The GX700, GX7010, GX7002, GX7012, and GX7015-EXT chassis can operate with line voltages of 100, 120, 220, and 240 VAC.

GX7005A / GX7015A Input Power Requirements

The GX7005A / GX7015A high power chassis requires a 3 phase, delta input power service. Input AC power requirements are:

- 120 VAC phase to neutral, 208 VAC phase to phase, delta power configuration
- 20 amps per phase
- 47 to 63 Hz

Figure 3-1 details the input power connections. The input power connector on the chassis is a Hubbell HBL 2815 and the mating connector is a Hubbell HBL 2813. The chassis is supplied with a 10 foot power cable. The power cable plug is a Hubbell HBL 2811.

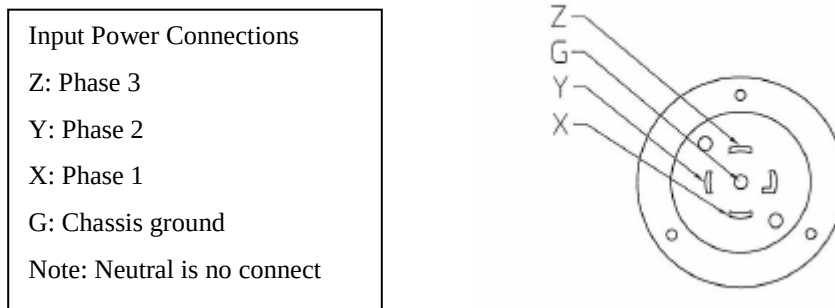


Figure 3-1: Input Power Connector (Rear Panel View)

Chassis Installation

Follow these steps to install the GX70xx chassis:

1. Place the chassis on a sturdy, level surface. Leave space behind the chassis for ventilation.
2. Turn off the power switches.
3. Connect the power cable to the chassis and an outlet.
4. Install an embedded controller (master configuration, GX7000) or a remote controller (slave configuration, GX7010) to slot #1 if not installed.
5. Turn on the chassis power and the optional external system (for slave installation turn on the sale first)
6. Install the **GxChassis** software.
7. Configure your system using the **PXI/PCI Explorer** applet.
8. Install any additional drivers for PXI instruments.
9. Turn off the system.
10. Install PXI modules into the chassis as described in the next procedure.
11. Turn on the chassis power switch and follow the Found New Hardware Wizard instructions for new instruments installed.

GX7000 Master and GX7010 Slave Configurations

The GX7000 and GX7002 can be used as a complete system using the GX79XX family of embedded controllers. In this configuration, a GX79XX is used in Slot #1 to provide the system controller for the chassis and the PXI modules.

Many applications require that the CPU be external to the chassis. In some cases, a desktop PC is the controller of the system while in others; another PXI chassis is the controller. In both cases, a remote PXI controller is required such as a MXI-4 interface.

Figure 3-2 outlines a remote configuration with a desktop PC being the system controller.

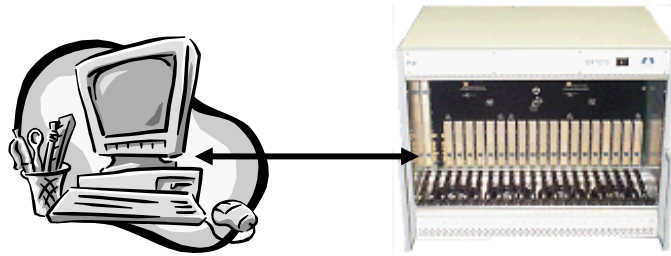


Figure 3-2: Remote configuration with a desktop PC (GX7002 and GX7012 models)

Figure 3-3 outlines a remote configuration with another PXI chassis being the system controller.

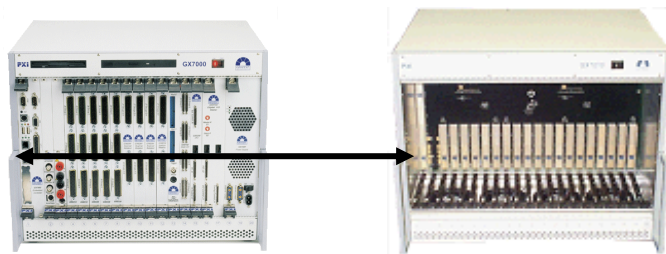


Figure 3-3: Remote configuration with another PXI

Installation of the GxChassis Software

Before installing any board in the chassis it is recommended to install the GxChassis software as described in this section. The software is installed on the chassis controller (for GX700X master configuration or on the external PC or the chassis where the controller reside (for GX701X slave configuration). To install the GxChassis driver follow the instruction described here:

1. Insert the Marvin Test Solutions CD-ROM and locate the **GxChassis.exe** setup program. If your computer's Auto Run is configured, when inserting the CD a browser will show several options, select the **Marvin Test Solutions Files** option, then locate the setup file (GxChassis.EXE). If Auto Run is not configured you can open the Windows explorer and locate the setup files (usually located under \Files\Setup folder). You can also download the file from Marvin Test Solutions web site (<http://www.marvintest.com/>)
2. Run the GxChassis setup and follow the instruction on the Setup screen to install the GxChassis driver.

Note: When installing under Windows NT/2000/XP/VISTA/ Windows 7, you may be required to restart the setup after logging-in as a user with an Administrator privileges. This is required in-order to upgrade your system with newer Windows components and to install kernel-mode device drivers (HW.SYS and HWDEVICE.SYS) required by the GxChassis driver to access resources on your chassis.

3. The first setup screen to appear is the Welcome screen. Click **Next** to continue.
4. Enter the folder where GxChassis is to be installed. Either click **Browse** to set up a new folder, or click **Next** to accept the default entry of C:\Program Files\MarvinTestSolutions\GxChassis.
5. Select the type of Setup you wish and click **Next**. You can choose between **Typical**, **Run-Time** and **Custom** setups. **Typical** setup type installs all files. **Run-Time** setup type will install only the files required for controlling the board either from its driver or from its virtual panel. **Custom** setup type lets you select from the available components.

The program will now start its installation. During the installation, Setup may upgrade some of the Windows shared components and files. The Setup may ask you to reboot after it complete if some of the components it replaced were used by another application during the installation – do so before attempting to use the software.

You can now continue with the installation to install the board. After the board installation is complete you can test your installation by starting a panel program that let you control the board interactively. The panel program can be started by selecting it from the **Start, Programs, GxChassis** menu located in the Windows Taskbar.

Configuring Your PXI System using the PXI/PCI Explorer

To configure your PXI/PCI system using the **PXI/PCI Explorer** applet follow these steps:

1. **Start the PXI/PCI Explorer applet.** The applet can be start from the Windows Control Panel or from the Windows Start Menu, **MarvinTestSolutions, HW, PXI/PCI Explorer**.
2. **Identify Chassis and Controllers.** After the PXI/PCI Explorer started it will scan your system for changes and will display the current configuration. The PXI/PCI Explorer automatically detects systems that have MarvinTestSolutions controllers and chassis. In addition, the applet detects PXI-MXI-3/4 extenders in your system (manufactured by National Instruments). If your chassis is not shown in the explorer main window, use the Identify Chassis/Controller commands to identify your system. Chassis and Controller manufacturers should provide INI and driver files for their chassis and controllers to be used by these commands.
3. **Change chassis numbers, PXI devices Legacy Slot numbering and PXI devices Alias names.** These are optional steps to be performed if you would like your chassis to have different numbers. Legacy slots numbers are used by older MarvinTestSolutions or VISA drivers. Alias names can provide a way to address a PXI device using your logical name (e.g. "DMM1"). For more information regarding these numbers see the **GxXXXInitialize** and **GxXXXInitializeVisa** functions.
4. **Save you work.** PXI Explorer saves the configuration to the following files located in the Windows folder: PXISYS.ini, PXIeSYS.ini and GxPxiSys.ini. Click on the **Save** button to save you changes. The PXI/Explorer prompt you to save the changes if changes were made or detected (an asterisk sign ‘*’ in the caption indicated changes).

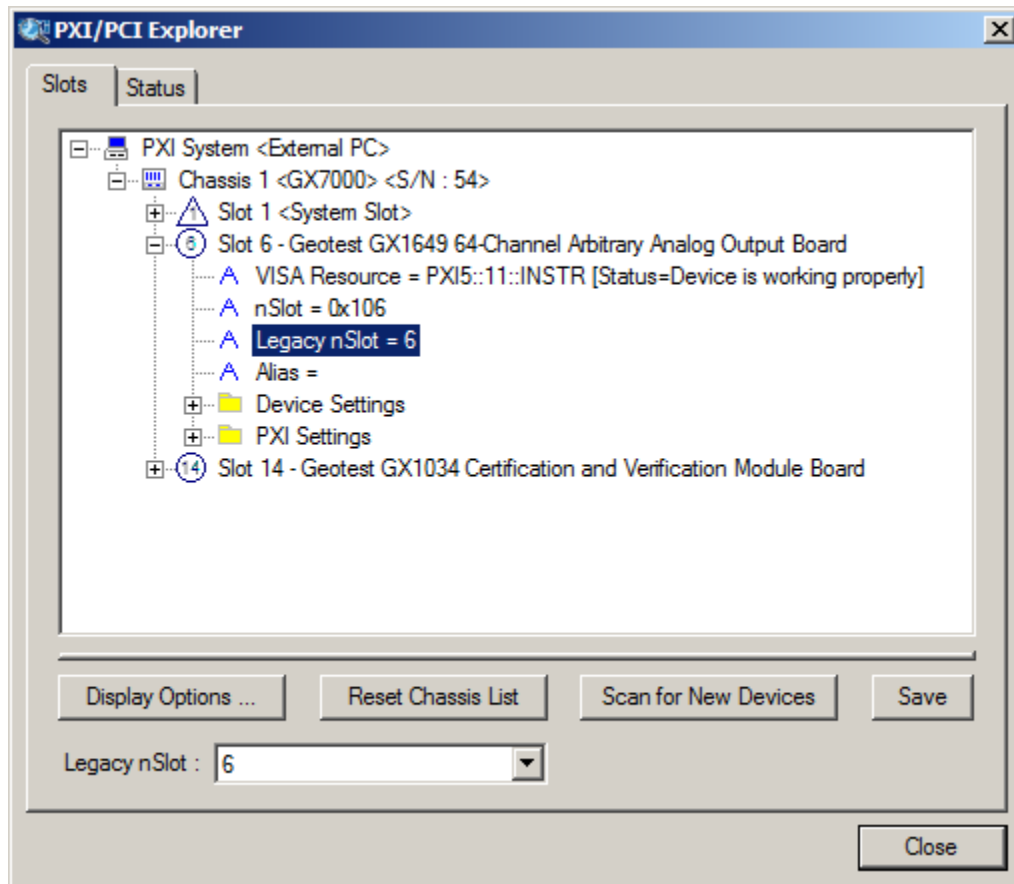


Figure 3-4: PXI/PCI Explorer

Installing a PXI Instrument

Install a PXI Instrument board (PXI module) as follows:

1. Turn off the PXI chassis and unplug the power cord.
2. Set the board switches and jumpers if required.



Caution - Electrostatic discharge can damage components on the GX70xxA and PXI modules.

Check the board documentation for details on jumpers and switch settings before the installation.

3. Locate an empty PXI Slot on the chassis.
4. Place the module edges into the PXI chassis rails (top and bottom).

Carefully slide the PXI board to the rear of the chassis, make sure that the ejector handles are pushed **out** (as shown in Figure 3-5):

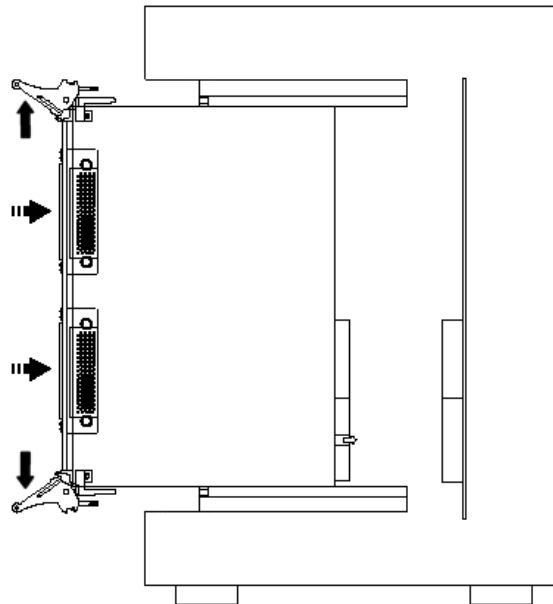


Figure 3-5: Ejector handles position during module insertion

5. After you feel resistance, push in the ejector handles as shown in Figure 3-6 to secure the module into the frame.

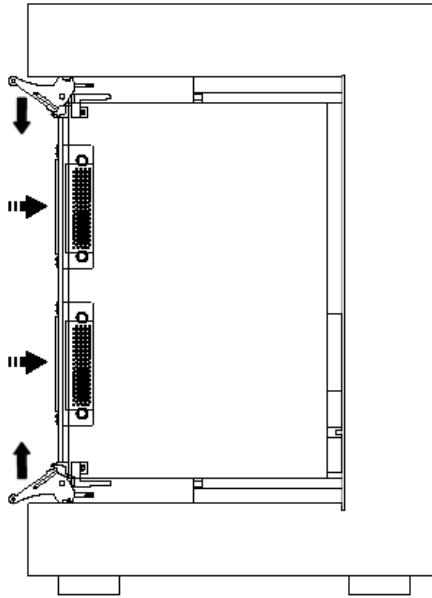


Figure 3-6: Ejector handles position after module insertion

6. Tighten the board's front panel screws to the chassis to secure the module in.
7. Connect any necessary cables to the board.
8. Plug the power cord in and turn on the PXI chassis' power switch.

Removing a PXI Instrument

Remove a PXI instrument board as follows:

1. Turn off the PXI chassis and unplug the power cord.
2. Disconnect and remove any cables/connectors connected to the board.
3. Un-tighten the module's front panel screws from the chassis.
4. Push outward the ejector handles and pull the PXI board away from the chassis.

Using External Instruments

Your GX70xxA/B chassis supports all PXI and cPCI instruments and provides interfaces to any USB or RS-232 instrument. In some cases however, you may need to connect additional instruments to the GX70X0A/B. These additional instruments are typically GPIB (IEEE-488) or VXI. To use external instruments, you will need a Plug-in PXI module that provides an interface to GPIB or to VXI (MXI-2). Such interfaces are available from numerous vendors.

Installation Directories

The GxChassis driver files are installed in the default directory C:\Program Files\MarvinTestSolutions\GxChassis. You can change the default GxChassis directory to one of your choosing at the time of installation.

During the installation, GxChassis Setup creates and copies files to the following directories:

Name	Purpose / Contents
...\MarvinTestSolutions\GxChassis	The GxChassis directory. Contains panel programs, programming libraries, interface files and examples, on-line help files and other documentation.
...\MarvinTestSolutions\HW	HW device driver. Provides access to your board hardware resources such as memory, IO ports and PCI board configuration. See the README.TXT located in this directory for more information.
...\ATEasy\Drivers	ATEasy drivers directory. GxChassis Driver and examples are copied to this directory only if ATEasy is installed on your machine.
...\Windows\System (Windows 9x/Me), or ... \Windows\System32 when running Windows NT/2000/XP	Windows System directory. Contains the GxChassis DLL driver and some upgraded system components, such as the HTML help viewer, etc.

Driver Files Description

The Setup program copies the GxChassis driver, a panel executable, the GxChassis help file, the README.TXT file, and driver samples. The following is a brief description of each installation file:

Driver File and Virtual Panel

- GxChassis.dll - 32-Bit MS-Windows DLL for applications running under Windows, 95, 98, Me, NT, 2000, XP or above.
- GxChassispanel.exe – An instrument front panel program for all GxChassis supported boards.

Interface Files

The following GxChassis interface files are used to support the various development tools:

- GxChassis.h - header file for accessing the DLL functions using the C/C++ programming language. The header file compatible with the following 32 bit development tools:
 - Microsoft Visual C++, Microsoft Visual C++ .NET
 - Borland C++
- GxChassis.LIB - Import library for GxChassis.dll (used when linking C/C++ application that uses GxChassis.dll).
- GxChassisBC.LIB - Import library for GxChassis.dll (used when linking Borland C/C++ application that uses GxChassis.dll).
- GxChassis.pas - interface file to support Borland Pascal or Borland Delphi.
- GxChassis.bas - Supports Microsoft Visual Basic 4.0, 5.0 and 6.0.
- GxChassis.vb - Supports Microsoft Visual Basic .NET.
- GxChassis.drv - ATEasy driver File for GxChassis Virtual Panel Program

On-line Help and Manual

GxChassis.chm – On-line version of the GxChassis User's Guide. The help file is provided in a Windows Compiled HTML help file (.CHM). The file contains information about the GxChassis mainframe, programming reference and panel operation.

Gx70xxUG.pdf – On line, printable version of the GxChassis User's Guide in Adobe Acrobat format. To view or print the file you must have the reader installed. If not, you can download the Adobe Acrobat reader (free) from <http://www.adobe.com>.

ReadMe File

README.TXT – Contains important last minute information not available when the manual was printed. This text file covers topics such as a list of files required for installation, additional technical notes, and corrections to the GxChassis manuals. You can view and/or print this file using the Windows NOTEPAD.EXE or any other text file editors.

Example Programs

The sample program includes a C/C++ sample compiled with various development tools, Visual Basic example and an ATEasy sample. Other examples may be available for other programming tools.

Microsoft Visual C++ .NET example files:

- GxChassisExampleC.cpp - Source file
- GxChassisExampleC.ico - Icon file
- GxChassisExampleC.rc - Resource file
- GxChassisExampleC.vcproj - VC++ .NET project file
- GxChassisExampleC.exe - Example executable

Microsoft Visual C++ 6.0 example files:

- GxChassisExampleC.cpp - Source file
- GxChassisExampleC.ico - Icon file
- GxChassisExampleC.rc - Resource file
- GxChassisExampleC.dsp - VC++ project file
- GxChassisExampleC.exe - Example executable

Borland C++ example files:

- GxChassisExampleC.cpp - Source file
- GxChassisExampleC.ico - Icon file
- GxChassisExampleC.rc - Resource file
- GxChassisExampleC.bpr - Borland project file
- GxChassisExampleC.exe - Example executable

Microsoft Visual Basic .NET example files:

- GxChassisExampleVB.vb - Example form.
- GxChassisExampleVB.resx - Example form resource.
- GxChassisExampleVBapp.config - Example application configuration file.
- GxChassisExampleVBAssemblyInfo.vb - Example application assembly file

- GxChassisExampleVB.vbproj - Project file
- GxChassisExampleVB.exe - Example executable

Microsoft Visual Basic 6.0 example files:

- GxChassisExampleVB6.frm - Example form
- GxChassisExampleVB6.frx - Example form binary file
- GxChassisExampleVB6.vbp - Project file
- GxChassisExampleVB6.exe - Example executable.

ATEasy driver and examples files (ATEasy Drivers directory):

- GxChassis.drv - driver
- GxChassis.prj - example project
- GxChassis.sys - example system
- GxChassis.prg - example program

LabView Driver

- GxChassis.llb – LabView library

Setup Maintenance Program

You can run the Setup again after GxChassis has been installed from the original disk or from the Windows Control Panel – Add Remove Programs applet. Setup will be in the Maintenance mode when running for the second time. The Maintenance window show below allows you to modify the current GxChassis installation. The following options are available in Maintenance mode:

Modify. Use when you want to add or remove GxChassis components.

Repair. Use to reinstall.

Remove. Use when you want to completely remove GxChassis.

Select one of the options and click **Next**.

Follow the instruction on the screen until Setup is complete.

Chapter 4 - Programming the Chassis

Overview

This chapter contains information about how to program the Chassis' functions using the GxChassis driver. The GxChassis driver contains functions to initialize, control and retrieve information and settings from the Chassis. A brief description of the functions, as well as how and when to use them, is included in this chapter. Chapter 5 and the specific instrument User's Guide contain a complete and detailed description of the available programming functions.

The GxChassis driver supports many development tools. Using these tools with the driver is described in this chapter. In addition, the GxChassis directory contains examples written for these development tools. Refer to Chapter 3 for a list of the available examples.

An example using the DLL driver with Microsoft Visual C++ 6.0 is included at the end of this chapter. Since the driver functions and parameters are identical for all operating systems and development tools, the example can serve as an outline for other programming languages, programming tools, and other GxChassis driver types.

The GxChassis Driver

The GxChassis driver is a Windows DLL file: GxChassis.dll. The DLL can be used with various development tools such as Microsoft Visual C++, Borland C++ Builder, Microsoft Visual Basic, Borland Pascal or Delphi, ATEasy and more. The following paragraphs describe how to create an application that uses the driver with various development tools. Refer to the paragraph describing the specific development tool for more information.

Programming Using C/C++ Tools

The following steps are required to use the GxChassis driver with C/C++ development tools:

- Include the GxChassis.h header file in the C/C++ source file that uses the GxChassis function. This header file is used for all driver types. The file contains function prototypes and constant declarations to be used by the compiler for the application.
- Add the required .LIB file to the projects. This can be an import library GxChassis.lib for Microsoft Visual C++ and GxChassisBC.lib or Borland C++. Windows based applications that explicitly load the DLL by calling the Windows **LoadLibrary** API should not include the .LIB file in the project.
- Add code to call the GxChassis as required by the application.
- Build the project.
- Run, test, and debug the application.

Programming Using Visual Basic

To use the driver with Visual Basic 6.0 the user must include the GxChassis.bas to the project. For Visual Basic .NET use the GxChassis.VB.

The file can be loaded using *Add File* from the Visual Basic *File menu*. The GxChassis.bas/GxChassis.vb contains function declarations for the DLL driver.

Programming Using Pascal/Delphi

To use the driver with Borland Pascal or Delphi, the user must include the GxChassis.pas to the project. The GxChassis.pas file contains a **unit** with function prototypes for the DLL functions. Include the GxChassis unit in the **uses** statement before making calls to the GxChassis functions.

Programming GxChassis mainframes Using ATEasy®

The GxChassis package is supplied with an ATEasy driver. The ATEasy driver uses the GxChassis.dll to program the chassis' functions. . The ATEasy driver includes an example that contains a program and a system file for use with the ATEasy driver. Plain language commands declared in the ATEasy driver are easier to use than using the DLL functions directly. The driver commands will also generate exception that allows the ATEasy application to trap errors without checking the status code returned by the DLL function after each function call.

The ATEasy driver commands are similar to the DLL functions in name and parameters, with the following exceptions:

- The *nHandle* parameter is omitted. The driver handles this parameter automatically. ATEasy uses driver logical names instead i.e. CHASSIS1, CHASSIS2.
- The *nStatus* parameter was omitted. Use the Get Status commands instead of checking the status. After calling a DLL function the ATEasy driver will check the returned status and will call the error statement (in case of an error status) to generate exception that can be easily trapped by the application using the **OnError** module event or using the **try-catch** statement.

Using the GxChassis driver functions

The GxChassis driver contains a set of functions that support all of the chassis' Smart features. The **GxChassisInitialize** function returns a handle that must be used with other driver functions to program the chassis. This handle is usually saved in the program as a global variable for later use when calling other functions. The initialize function does not change the state of the chassis. .

Chassis Handle

The chassis handle argument *nHandle* passed (by reference) to the parameter *pnHandle* of the **GxChassisInitialize** is a short integer (16-bit) number. It is used by the GxChassis driver functions to identify the chassis being accessed by the application. Since the driver can support multiple chassis at the same time, the *nHandle* argument is required to identify which chassis is being programmed.

The *nHandle* is created when the application calls the **GxChassisInitialize** function. There is no need to destroy the handle. Once the driver is initialized the handle can be used with other function calls to program the chassis.

Error Handling

All the **GxChassis** functions return a status named *pnStatus* as the last parameter. This parameter can be later used for error handling. The status is zero for success, less than zero for failure or error. When the status is error, the program can call the **GxChassisGetErrorString** function to return a string representing the error. The **GxChassisGetErrorString** reference contains possible error numbers and their associated error strings.

Driver Version

The **GxChassisGetDriverSummary** function can be used to return the current GxChassis driver version. It can be used to differentiate between the driver versions. See the Function Reference for more information.

Panel

Calling the **GxChassisPanel** will display the instrument virtual front panel window. The panel can be used to display its current setting and to control the board interactively. The panel function may be used by the application to allow the user to directly interact with the board.

The **GxChassisPanel** function is also used by the GxChassis.exe panel program that is supplied with this package and provides a stand-alone Windows application that displays the instrument panel.

Distributing the Driver

Once the application is developed, the driver files (GxChassis.dll and the HW device driver files located in the HW folder) can be shipped with the application. Typically, the GxChassis.dll should be copied to the Windows System directory. The HW device driver files should be installed using a special setup program HWSETUP.EXE that is provided with GxChassis driver files. Alternatively, you can provide the GxChassis disk to be installed along with the board.

Sample Programs

The following example demonstrates how to program the board using the C programming language under Windows. The example shows how to get or set a group or channel voltage.

To run enter the following command line parameters:

GxChassisExample <chassis number> <operation> <param1> <param2> <param3> <param4> <param5>

Sample Program Listing

```
/*****
```

```
FILE           : GxChassisExampleC.cpp

PURPOSE        : WIN32/LINUX example program for GX7xxx chassis
                  using the GXCNT driver.

CREATED        : Dec 2005

COPYRIGHT      : Copyright 2002-2013, Marvin Test Solutions, Inc.

COMMENTS      :

To compile the example:

1. Microsoft VC++
   Load GxChassisExampleC.dsp, .vcproj or .mak, depends on
   the VC++ version from the Project/File/Open... menu
   Select Project/Rebuild all from the menu

2. Borland C++ Builder
   Load GxChassisExampleC.bpr from the Project/Open
   Project... menu
   Select Project/Build all from the menu

3. Linux (GCC for CPP and Make must be available)
   make -fGxChassisExampleC.mk [CFG=Release[64] | Debug[64]]
```

```

[rebuild | clean]

*****/
#ifndef __GNUC__
#include "windows.h"
#endif
#include "GxChassis.h"
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>

#ifdef __BORLANDC__
#pragma hdrstop
#include <condefs.h>
USELIB("GxChassisBC.lib");
USERC("GxChassisExampleC.rc");
#endif // defined(__BORLANDC__)

//*****
//          DisplayMsg
//*****
void DisplayMsg(PCSTR lpszMsg)
{
#ifndef __GNUC__
    MessageBeep(0);
    MessageBox(0, lpszMsg, "GxChassis example program", MB_OK);
#else
    printf("\r\nGxChassis example program: %s\r\n", lpszMsg);
#endif
    return;
}

//*****
//          __strupr
//*****
char * __strupr(char * sz)
{
    int i;

    for (i=0; sz[i]; i++)
        sz[i] = toupper(sz[i]);
    return sz;
}

//*****
//          DisplayUsage
//*****
void DisplayUsage(void)
{
    DisplayMsg(
        "This example shows how to use the GxChassis driver:\r\n"
        "Usage: GxChassisExample <chassis number> <operation> <param1> \\  

        <param2> <param3> <param4> <param5>\r\n"
        "\r\nWhere : \r\n"
        "chassis number: chassis number as was set by PXI Explorer\r\n"
        "operation one of the followings :\r\n"

```

```

" GetAlarmState = Get Alarm State (no parameters)\r\n"
" SetAlarmState = Set Alarm State, parameters:\r\n"
"     <param1>: 0-Disable, 1-Enable\r\n\r\n"
" GetAlarmTemp = Get Alarm Temperature (no parameters)\r\n\r\n"
" SetAlarmTemp = Set Alarm Temperature, parameters:\r\n\r\n"
"     <param1>: Alarm Temperature\r\n\r\n"
" GetShutdownTemp = Returns Shutdown Temperature (no \
    parameters)\r\n"
" SetShutdownTemp = Set Shutdown Temperature, parameters:\r\n\r\n"
"     <param1>: 0-Disable, 1-Enable\r\n\r\n"
"     <param2>: Shutdown Temperature\r\n\r\n"
" GetVoltages = Get Power Supplies Voltages (no \
    parameters)\r\n"
" GetTemps = Get Slots Temperatures (no parameters)\r\n"
" GetPxiTrigLine = Returns the specified PXI Trigger Line \
    direction and mode\r\n"
" SetPxiTrigLine = Sets the specified PXI Trigger Line \
    direction and mode\r\n"
"     <param1>: Trigger line 0-7\r\n\r\n"
"     <param2>: Chassis Segments: 0-segment 0 to 1, \
        1-segment 1 to 2\r\n\r\n"
"     <param3>: Direction, 0-Disconnect, 1-Connect \
        Left to Right, 2-Connect Right to \
        Left\r\n\r\n"
"     <param4>: Primary side mode, 0-Monitor, \
        1-Drive Low, 2-Drive High\r\n\r\n"
"     <param5>: Secondary side mode, 0-Monitor, \
        1-Drive Low, 2-Drive High\r\n\r\n"
" SUM = Print board summary\r\n"
"\r\nTo change command line under Windows:\r\n"
"\tRight click on the example shortcut from the start menu\r\n"
"\tand type the new command line"
);
exit(1);
}

/*****
//          CheckStatus
*****/
void CheckStatus(SHORT nStatus)
{
    CHAR    sz[1024];

    if (!nStatus) return;
    GxChassisGetErrorString(nStatus, sz, sizeof sz, &nStatus);
    DisplayMsg(sz);
    DisplayMsg("Aborting the program...");
    exit(nStatus);
}

/*****
MAIN

This main function receives between 0 to 2 parameters

GxChassis operation (e.g. SetShutdownTemp=Set Shutdown Temperature)

```

```

GetAlarmState:      Returns Alarm State (no parameters)
SetAlarmState:      Set Alarm State, parameters:
                    <param1>: 0-Disable, 1-Enable
GetAlarmTemp:       Returns Alarm Temperature (no parameters)
SetAlarmTemp:       Set Alarm Temperature, parameters:
                    <Temperature>: Alarm Threshold
GetShutdownTemp:    Returns Shutdown Temperature (no parameters)
SetShutdownTemp:    Set Shutdown Temperature, parameters:
                    <param1>: Shutdown Temperature
                    <param2>: 0-Disable, 1-Enable
GetVoltages:        Returns Power Supplies Voltages (no parameters)
GetTemps:           Returns Slots Temperatures (no parameters)
GetPxiTrigLine:     Returns the specified PXI Trigger Line direction and mode
SetPxiTrigLine:     Sets the specified PXI Trigger Line direction and mode,
                    parameters:
                    <param1>: Trigger line 0-7
                    <param2>: Chassis Segment: 0-segment 0 to 1,
                        1-segment 1 to 2
                    <param3>: Direction, 0-Disconnect, 1-Connect Left to
                        Right, 2-Connect Right to Left
                    <param4>: Primary side mode, 0-Monitor, 1-Drive Low,
                        2-Drive High
                    <param5>: Secondary side mode, 0-Monitor,
                        1-Drive Low, 2-Drive High
SUM:                Print board summary
*****
int main(int argc, char **argv)
{
    CHAR* szOperation;        // Board Operation
    SHORT nChassisNum;        // Chassis number
    SHORT nHandle;            // Board handle
    SHORT nStatus;            // Returned status
    SHORT nMode;
    SHORT nTrigline;          // PXI trigger bus line number
    SHORT nChassisSeg;        // Chassis Segment
    SHORT nDirection;         // PXI trigger bus direction
    SHORT nPrimSideMode;      // PXI trigger bus Primary side mode
    SHORT nSecSideMode;       // PXI trigger bus Secondary Side Mode
    DOUBLE dThreshold;
    BOOL  bEnable;
    INT   i;
    char  sz[512];            // board summary

    // Check number of arguments received
    if (argc<2) DisplayUsage();
    nChassisNum=(SHORT)strtol(*(++argv), NULL, 0);
    szOperation = __strupr(*(++argv));

    GxChassisInitialize(nChassisNum, &nHandle, &nStatus);
    CheckStatus(nStatus);

    if (!strcmp(szOperation, "GETALARMMODE"))
    {
        GxChassisGetAlarmMode(nHandle, &nMode, &nStatus);
        CheckStatus(nStatus);
        printf("Alarm Mode is %s\r\n", nMode==0? "disabled": "enabled");
    }
    else if (!strcmp(szOperation, "SETALARMSTATE"))

```

```

{
    // Check number of arguments received
    if (argc<3) DisplayUsage();
    nMode=(SHORT)strtol(*(++argv), NULL, 0);
    GxChassisSetAlarmMode(nHandle, nMode, &nStatus);
    CheckStatus(nStatus);
    printf("Alarm Mode is %s\r\n", nMode==0? "disabled": "enabled");
}
else if(!strcmp(szOperation, "GETALARMTEMP"))
{
    GxChassisGetAlarmTemperature(nHandle, &dThreshold, &nStatus);
    CheckStatus(nStatus);
    printf("Temperature Alarm Threshold is %0.1f\r\n", dThreshold);
}
else if(!strcmp(szOperation, "SETALARMTEMP"))
{
    // Check number of arguments received
    if (argc<3) DisplayUsage();
    dThreshold=(SHORT)strtol(*(++argv), NULL, 0);
    GxChassisSetAlarmTemperature(nHandle, dThreshold, &nStatus);
    CheckStatus(nStatus);
    GxChassisGetAlarmTemperature(nHandle, &dThreshold, &nStatus);
    printf("Temperature Alarm Threshold is %0.1f\r\n", dThreshold);
}
else if(!strcmp(szOperation, "GETSHUTDOWNTEMP"))
{
    GxChassisGetShutdownTemperature(nHandle, &bEnable, &dThreshold,
    &nStatus);
    CheckStatus(nStatus);
    printf("Shutdown Temperature is %0.1f\r\n", dThreshold);
}
else if(!strcmp(szOperation, "SETSHUTDOWNTEMP"))
{
    // Check number of arguments received
    if (argc<4) DisplayUsage();
    bEnable=(INT)strtol(*(++argv), NULL, 0);
    dThreshold=(SHORT)strtol(*(++argv), NULL, 0);
    GxChassisSetShutdownTemperature(nHandle, bEnable, dThreshold,
    &nStatus);
    CheckStatus(nStatus);
    GxChassisGetShutdownTemperature(nHandle, &bEnable, &dThreshold,
    &nStatus);
    printf("Shutdown Temperature is %0.1f\r\n", dThreshold);
}
else if(!strcmp(szOperation, "GETVOLTAGES"))
{
    DOUBLE adVoltage[8];
    GxChassisGetPowerSuppliesVoltages(nHandle, adVoltage, &nStatus);
    CheckStatus(nStatus);
    for (i=0; i<2; i++)
    {
        printf("%s +12V Power Supply Voltage=%0.1f\r\n", i==0?
        "Slots 1:10":"Slots 11:20", adVoltage[i*4]);
        printf("%s -12V Power Supply Voltage=%0.1f\r\n", i==0?
        "Slots 1:10":"Slots 11:20", adVoltage[i*4+1]);
        printf("%s 3.3V Power Supply Voltage=%0.1f\r\n", i==0?
        "Slots 1:10":"Slots 11:20", adVoltage[i*4+2]);
        printf("%s 5V Power Supply Voltage=%0.1f\r\n", i==0?
        "Slots 1:10":"Slots 11:20", adVoltage[i*4+3]);
    }
}
else if(!strcmp(szOperation, "GETTEMPS"))
{
    DOUBLE adTemp[20];
    GxChassisGetSlotsTemperatures(nHandle, adTemp, &nStatus);
}

```

```

        CheckStatus(nStatus);
        for (i=0; i<20; i++)
            printf("Slot %i Temperature=%0.1f\r\n", i+1, adTemp[i]);
    }
else if(!strcmp(szOperation, "GETPXITRIGLINE"))
{
    // Check number of arguments received
    if (argc<5) DisplayUsage();
    nTrigline=(SHORT)strtol(*(++argv), NULL, 0);
    nChassisSeg=(SHORT)strtol(*(++argv), NULL, 0);
    GxChassisGetPxiTriggerLine(nHandle, nTrigline, nChassisSeg,
        &nDirection, &nPrimSideMode, &nSecSideMode, &nStatus);
    CheckStatus(nStatus);
    printf("PXi Trigger Line %i Segment %i settings: Direction=%i, \
        Primary Side Mode=%i, Secondary Side Mode=%i\r\n",
        nTrigline, nChassisSeg, nDirection, nPrimSideMode,
        nSecSideMode);
}
else if(!strcmp(szOperation, "SETPXITRIGLINE"))
{
    // Check number of arguments received
    if (argc<8) DisplayUsage();
    nTrigline=(SHORT)strtol(*(++argv), NULL, 0);
    nChassisSeg=(SHORT)strtol(*(++argv), NULL, 0);
    nDirection=(SHORT)strtol(*(++argv), NULL, 0);
    nPrimSideMode=(SHORT)strtol(*(++argv), NULL, 0);
    nSecSideMode=(SHORT)strtol(*(++argv), NULL, 0);
    GxChassisSetPxiTriggerLine(nHandle, nTrigline, nChassisSeg,
        nDirection, nPrimSideMode, nSecSideMode, &nStatus);
    CheckStatus(nStatus);
    printf("PXi Trigger Line %i Segment %i settings: Direction=%i, \
        Primary Side Mode=%i, Secondary Side Mode=%i\r\n",
        nTrigline, nChassisSeg, nDirection, nPrimSideMode,
        nSecSideMode);
}
else if (!strcmp(szOperation, "SUM"))
{
    // print board summary
    GxChassisGetBoardSummary(nHandle, sz, sizeof sz, &nStatus);
    CheckStatus(nStatus);
    printf("Board Summary: %s.\n", sz);
}
else
    DisplayUsage();

return 0;
}

//*****
//          End Of File
//*****

```

Chapter 5 - Function Reference Guide

Introduction

The GxChassis driver functions reference chapter is organized in alphabetical order. Each function description contains the function name; purpose, syntax, parameters description and type followed by Comments, an Example (written in C), and a See Also section.

All function parameter syntax follows the same rules:

- Strings are ASCIIZ (null or zero character terminated).
- The first parameter of most functions is *nHandle* (16-bit integer). This parameter is required for accessing the chassis and is returned by the **GxChassisInitialize** function. The *nHandle* is used to identify the chassis when calling a function for programming and controlling the operation of the chassis. .
- All functions return a status with the last parameter named *pnStatus*. The *pnStatus* is zero if the function was successful, or less than zero for error conditions. The description of the error is available using the **GxChassisGetErrorString** function or by using a predefined constant, defined in the driver interface files: GxChassis.h, GxChassis.bas, GxChassis.pas or GxChassis.drv.
- Parameter names are prefixed as follows:

Prefix	Type	Example
a	Array, prefix this before the simple type.	<i>anArray</i> (Array of Short)
n	Short (signed 16-bit)	<i>nMode</i>
d	Double - 8 bytes floating point	<i>dReading</i>
dw	Double word (unsigned 32-bit)	<i>dwTimeout</i>
hwnd	Window handle (32-bit integer).	<i>hwndPanel</i>
l	Long (signed 32-bit)	<i>lBits</i>
p	Pointer. Usually used to return a value. Prefix this before the simple type.	<i>pnStatus</i>
sz	Null (zero value character) terminated string	<i>szMsg</i>
w	Unsigned short (unsigned 16-bit)	<i>wParam</i>

Table 5-1: Parameter Name Prefixes

GxChassis Functions

The following list is a summary of functions available for the GxChassis:

Driver Functions	Description
GxChassisGetAlarmMode	Returns the Alarm Mode.
GxChassisGetAlarmTemperature	Returns the Alarm Temperature threshold settings.
GxChassisGetBoardSummary	Returns the board summary.
GxChassisGetDriverSummary	Returns the driver name and version.
GxChassisGetErrorString	Returns the error string associated with the specified error number.
GxChassisGetFanSpeed	Returns the fan speed and control settings
GxChassisGetFanThresholdTemperatures	Returns the fan low and high threshold temperatures.
GxChassisGetPowerSuppliesVoltages	Returns the backplane's eight power supplies voltages.
GxChassisGetPxiTriggerLine	Returns the specified PXI trigger line bridge direction mode and its direction configuration (left or right).
GxChassisGetPxiTriggerLineLevels	Returns the specified PXI trigger line segment's logic levels.
GxChassisGetShutdownTemperature	Returns the shutdown Temperature and active mode.
GxChassisGetSlotsTemperatures	Returns all slot temperature values
GxChassisGetSlotsTemperaturesStates	Returns all active slot temperature values.
GxChassisGetSlotsTemperaturesStatistics	Returns the slot with the lowest temperature, slot with the highest temperature and the average temperature of active slots.
GxChassisGetSlotTemperature	Returns the specified slot temperature value
GxChassisGetTemperatureScale	Returns the temperature scale used for setting or getting any temperature value.
GxChassisGetTemperatureThresholdMode	Returns the Temperature threshold operation mode.
GxChassisInitialize	Initializes the driver.
GxChassisPanel	Opens a virtual panel used to interactively control the GxChassis.
GxChassisRecallSettings	Loads and applies the settings as specified by the settings source parameter.
GxChassisResetPxiTriggerLines	Resets all PXI trigger lines for the specified segment
GxChassisSetAlarmMode	Sets the Alarm mode.
GxChassisSetAlarmTemperature	Sets the Alarm Temperature threshold.
GxChassisSetFanSpeed	Sets the fan speed and control settings
GxChassisSetFanThresholdTemperatures	Sets the fan low and high threshold temperatures.
GxChassisSetPxiTriggerLine	Sets the specified PXI trigger line bridge direction mode and its direction (Left or Right mode).
GxChassisSetShutdownTemperature	Sets the shutdown Temperature and active mode.
GxChassisSetSlotsTemperaturesStates	Sets the active state for slots monitoring temperature
GxChassisSetTemperatureScale	Sets the temperature scale used for setting or getting any temperature value.
GxChassisSetTemperatureThresholdMode	Sets the Temperature threshold operational mode.

GxChassisGetAlarmMode

Purpose

Returns the alarm mode.

Syntax

GxChassisGetAlarmMode (*nHandle*, *pnMode*, *pnStatus*)

Parameters

Name	Type	Comments
<i>nHandle</i>	SHORT	Handle to a GX70XX mainframe Chassis.
<i>pnMode</i>	PSHORT	Alarm mode is one of the following: 0. GXCHASSIS_OVER_TEMPERATURE_ALARM_DISABLE – Alarm disabled. 1. GXCHASSIS_OVER_TEMPERATURE_ALARM_ENABLE – Alarm enabled (default). 2. GXCHASSIS_OVER_TEMPERATURE_ALARM_ON – Alarm is on. 3. GXCHASSIS_OVER_TEMPERATURE_ALARM_SNOOZE – Silence the Alarm after the Alarm threshold condition is met. If the alarm condition reoccurs, the buzzer will be activated again.
<i>pnStatus</i>	PSHORT	Returned status: 0 on success, negative number on failure.

Comments

When the Alarm is on (threshold condition was met or set to On) both backplane buzzers will beep simultaneously in intervals of 10 seconds.

Example

The following example returns the Alarm state:

```
SHORT  nMode, nStatus;
GxChassisGetAlarmMode (nHandle, &nMode, &nStatus);
```

See Also

GxChassisSetAlarmMode, **GxChassisSetAlarmTemperature**, **GxChassisSetTemperatureThresholdMode**, **GxChassisSetShutdownTemperature**, **GxChassisGetErrorString**

GxChassisGetAlarmTemperature

Purpose

Returns the alarm temperature threshold setting.

Syntax

GxChassisGetAlarmTemperature (*nHandle*, *pdTemp*, *pnStatus*)

Parameters

Name	Type	Comments
<i>nHandle</i>	SHORT	Handle to a GX70XX Chassis.
<i>pdTemp</i>	PDOUBLE	Alarm temperature threshold setting.
<i>pnStatus</i>	PSHORT	Returned status: 0 on success, negative number on failure.

Comments

The Alarm temperature can be programmed to any value between -20°C and $+70^{\circ}\text{C}$. The programmed temperature can be saved to the onboard EPROM and automatically loaded on the next system power up (using the front panel only).

Note: Manufacture default Alarm temperature setting is $+50^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Example

The following example returns the Alarm Temperature:

```
SHORT  nStatus;  
DOUBLE dTemp  
GxChassisGetAlarmTemperature (nHandle, &dTemp, &nStatus);
```

See Also

GxChassisSetAlarmTemperature, **GxChassisSetTemperatureThresholdMode**, **GxChassisSetAlarmMode**, **GxChassisSetShutdownTemperature**, **GxChassisGetErrorString**

GxChassisGetBoardSummary

Purpose

Returns a summary of chassis backplane information.

Syntax

GxChassisGetBoardSummary (nHandle, szSummary, nSumMaxLen, pnStatus)

Parameters

Name	Type	Comments
<i>nHandle</i>	SHORT	Handle to a GX70XX Chassis.
<i>szSummary</i>	PSTR	Buffer to contain the returned board info (null terminated with 512 bytes).
<i>nSumMaxLen</i>	SHORT	Size of the buffer to contain the board info string.
<i>pnStatus</i>	PSHORT	Returned status: 0 on success, negative number on failure.

Comments

The board summary retrieves an array of information from the chassis and the chassis backplane bridges. The information ranges from the component's serial number to firmware versions.

For example, the returned board info can be as follows:

“Model: GX7000, S/N: 00063, Firmware: N/A, Tested: Tue Jun 24 13:40:39 2008, User Defined Data: GX7600-0063

Module: Backplane, S/N: 00583*-CN-CA-00, Firmware: N/A, Calibrated: N/A

Module: Gx7070 Bridge segment A-B, S/N: 03251*-GH-GD-00, Firmware: 0xE004, Calibrated: N/A”

Module: Gx7070 Bridge segment B-C, S/N: 03252*-GH-GD-00, Firmware: 0xE004, Calibrated: N/A”

Example

```
CHAR sz[512];
SHORT nStatus;
```

```
GxChassisGetBoardSummary (nHandle, sz, sizeof sz, &nStatus);
```

See Also

GxChassisGetDriverSummary, GxChassisGetErrorString

GxChassisGetDriverSummary

Purpose

Returns the driver name and version.

Syntax

GxChassisGetDriverSummary (*pszSummary*, *nSummaryMaxLen*, *pdwVersion*, *pnStatus*)

Parameters

Name	Type	Comments
<i>pszSummary</i>	PSTR	Buffer to the returned driver summary string.
<i>nSummaryMaxLen</i>	SHORT	The size of the summary string buffer.
<i>pdwVersion</i>	PDWORD	Returned version number. The high order word specifies the major version number and the low order word specifies the minor version number.
<i>pnStatus</i>	PSHORT	Returned status: 0 on success, negative number on failure.

Comments

The returned string is: GxChassis - Geotest's PXI Chassis Driver for the Gx7XX0 family, Version 1.0, Copyright © 2006 Marvin Test Solutions, Inc., All rights reserved.

Example

The following example prints the driver version:

```
CHAR sz[128];
DWORD dwVersion;
SHORT nStatus;

GxChassisGetDriverSummary (sz, sizeof sz, &dwVersion, &nStatus);
printf("Driver Version %d.%d", (INT) (dwVersion>>16), (INT) dwVersion &0xFFFF);
```

See Also

GxPxiGetBoardSummary, **GxChassisGetErrorString**

GxChassisGetErrorString

Purpose

Returns the error string associated with the specified error number.

Syntax

GxChassisGetErrorString (*nError*, *pszMsg*, *nErrorMaxLen*, *pnStatus*)

Parameters

Name	Type	Comments
<i>nError</i>	SHORT	Error number as returned by the <i>pnStatus</i> of any of the driver functions. See table below for possible values. The number should be a negative number, otherwise the function returns the “No error has occurred” string.
<i>pszMsg</i>	LPSTR	Buffer containing the returned error string (null terminated string).
<i>nErrorMaxLen</i>	SHORT	Size of the buffer <i>pszMsg</i> .
<i>pnStatus</i>	PSHORT	Returned status: 0 on success, negative number on failure.

Comments

The function returns the error string associated with the *nError* as returned from other driver functions. The following table displays the possible error values. Not all errors apply to this type of driver.

Resource Errors	Description
-2	Unable to open the HW device/Service
-5	Unable to register the PCI device
-6	Unable to allocate system resource or memory for the PCI device
-8	Unable to create panel
-9	Unable to create a Windows timer
Parameter Errors	
-20	Invalid parameter
-22	Invalid board handle
-25	Invalid mode
-27	Invalid string length
Board specific parameter error	
-50	Invalid over temperature threshold value
-51	Invalid trigger direction, settings will result in a conflicting trigger lines direction.
-52	Invalid PXI trigger bus line direction, settings will result in a conflicting trigger lines direction
-53	Invalid PXI trigger bus line mode, settings will result in a conflicting trigger lines direction
-54	Invalid PXI trigger bus segment
-55	Invalid number of fan poles
-56	Invalid chassis type
Board Errors/Warnings	
-60	Controller is busy, return on timeout
-61	Controller communication error

-62	Error backplane left bridge, unable to communicate with the backplane left bridge
-63	Error backplane right bridge, unable to communicate with the backplane right bridge
-64	Error backplane bridges, unable to communicate with any of the backplane bridges
-65	Error backplane bridges, unable to detect any of the backplane bridges
-66	Error backplane left bridge, unable to detect with the backplane left bridge
-67	Error backplane right bridge, unable to detect with the backplane right bridge
Miscellaneous Errors	
-99	Invalid or unknown error number

Example

The following example initializes the board. If the initialization fails, the following error string is printed:

```

CHAR    sz[256];
SHORT   nStatus, nHandle;

GxChassisInitialize(0, &Handle, &Status);
if (nStatus<0)
{
    GxChassisGetErrorString(nStatus, sz, sizeof sz, &nStatus);
    printf(sz);           // prints the error string returns
}

```

GxChassisGetPowerSuppliesVoltages

Purpose

Returns the backplane's eight power supplies voltages.

Syntax

GxChassisGetPowerSuppliesVoltages (*nHandle*, *pdVoltage*, *pnStatus*)

Parameters

Name	Type	Comments
<i>nHandle</i>	SHORT	Handle to a GX70XX Chassis.
<i>pdVoltage</i>	PDOUBLE	An array containing the backplane power supply voltages.
<i>pnStatus</i>	PSHORT	Returned status: 0 on success, negative number on failure.

Comments

The returned eight power supply voltages are arranged as follows:

Array index	Power supplies voltage
0	+12V of Slots 1-10
1	-12V of Slots 1-10
2	3.3V of Slots 1-10
3	5V of Slots 1-10
4	+12V of Slots 11-20
5	-12V of Slots 11-20
6	3.3V of Slots 11-20
7	5V of Slots 11-20

Example

The following example returns the backplane's eight power supplies voltages:

```
SHORT  nStatus;
DOUBLE adVoltage[8];
GxChassisGetPowerSuppliesVoltages (nHandle, adVoltage, &nStatus);
```

See Also

GxChassisSetTemperatureThresholdMode, **GxChassisSetAlarmMode**, **GxChassisSetAlarmTemperature**, **GxChassisSetShutdownTemperature**, **GxChassisGetErrorString**

GxChassisGetFanSpeed

Purpose

Returns the fan speed and control settings.

Syntax

GxChassisGetFanSpeed (*nHandle*, *pnSpeedControl*, *pnSpeed*, *pnStatus*)

Parameters

Name	Type	Comments
<i>nHandle</i>	SHORT	Handle to a GX70XX Chassis.
<i>pnSpeedControl</i>	PSHORT	Returns the fan speed control mode as follows: 0. GXCHASSIS_FAN_SPEED_MODE_AUTO: fan speed is automatically controlled by the chassis. When mode is set to Auto the user can specify fan speed based on user defined high and low temperature thresholds. 1. GXCHASSIS_FAN_SPEED_MODE_USER_DEFINED: Fan speed is specified by the user (<i>pnSpeed</i> value).
<i>pnSpeed</i>	PSHORT	Returns the fan speed as follows: 0. GXCHASSIS_FAN_SPEED_MIN: Fan speed is at the minimum operational range. 1. GXCHASSIS_FAN_SPEED_MID: Fan speed is at the middle operational range. 2. GXCHASSIS_FAN_SPEED_MAX: Fan speed is at the maximum operational range.
<i>pnStatus</i>	PSHORT	Returned status: 0 on success, negative number on failure.

Comments

When the fan speed control is set to Auto (GXCHASSIS_FAN_SPEED_MODE_AUTO), the user can specify the temperature threshold range (low and high). When threshold is <=low temp then the fan speed will be set to low, when threshold is >=high temp the fan speed will be set to high. In between those threshold points the chassis will set the fan speed relative to the measured chassis temperature, e.g. if the fan's low threshold temperature is set to 20 and the high threshold temperature is set to 40 and the chassis temperature is 30 then the fan speed will be set to the medium speed.

When fan speed control is set to user defined (GXCHASSIS_FAN_SPEED_MODE_USER_DEFINED) then the fan speed will stay constant according to the programmed *pnSpeed* value.

Note: this functionality is supported by bridgeboard revisions G and above.

Example

The following example returns fan speed and control settings:

```
SHORT  nStatus;
SHORT  nSpeedControl, nSpeed;
GxChassisGetFanSpeed (nHandle, &nSpeedControl, &nSpeed, &nStatus);
```

See Also

GxChassisSetFanSpeed, **GxChassisGetFanThresholdTemperatures**, **GxChassisGetErrorString**

GxChassisGetFanThresholdTemperatures

Purpose

Returns the fan low and high threshold temperatures.

Syntax

GxChassisGetFanThresholdTemperatures (*nHandle*, *pdMinThreshold*, *pdMaxThreshold*, *pnStatus*)

Parameters

Name	Type	Comments
<i>nHandle</i>	SHORT	Handle to a GX70XX Chassis.
<i>pdMinThreshold</i>	PDOUBLE	Returns the fan's low threshold temperature speed, value is either in Fahrenheit or Celsius as was set by the GxChassisSetTemperatureScale function call.
<i>pdMaxThreshold</i>	PDOUBLE	Returns the fan's high threshold temperature speed, value is either in Fahrenheit or Celsius as was set by the GxChassisSetTemperatureScale function call.
<i>pnStatus</i>	PSHORT	Returned status: 0 on success, negative number on failure.

Comments

When the fan speed control is set to Auto (GXCHASSIS_FAN_SPEED_MODE_AUTO), the user can specify the temperature threshold range (low and high). When the threshold is $\leq$ low temp then the fan speed will be set to low, when the threshold is $\geq$ high temp the fan speed will be set to high. In between those threshold points the chassis will set the fan speed relative to the measured chassis temperature, e.g. if the fan's low threshold temperature is set to 20 and the fan's high threshold temperature is set to 40 and the chassis temperature is 30 then the fan speed will be set to the medium speed.

Note: this functionality is supported by bridgeboard revisions G and above.

Example

The following example returns the fan low and high threshold temperatures.

```
SHORT    nStatus;
DOUBLE   dMinThreshold, dMaxThreshold;
GxChassisGetFanThresholdTemperatures (nHandle, &dMinThreshold, &dMaxThreshold, &nStatus);
```

See Also

GxChassisSetFanThresholdTemperatures, **GxChassisSetFanSpeed**, **GxChassisGetErrorString**

GxChassisGetPxiTriggerLine

Purpose

Returns the specified PXI trigger line bridge direction mode and its Left and Right mode.

Syntax

GxChassisGetPxiTriggerLine (*nHandle*, *nLine*, *nSegment*, *pucDirection*, *pnPrimaryMode*, *pnSecondaryMode*, *pnStatus*)

Parameters

Name	Type	Comments
<i>nHandle</i>	SHORT	Handle to a GX70XX Chassis.
<i>nLine</i>	SHORT	Specified PXI trigger line of the specified PXI chassis Segment: 0. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE0 - PXI trigger line 0 1. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE1 - PXI trigger line 1 2. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE2 - PXI trigger line 2 3. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE3 - PXI trigger line 3 4. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE4 - PXI trigger line 4 5. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE5 - PXI trigger line 5 6. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE6 - PXI trigger line 6 7. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE7 - PXI trigger line 7
<i>nSegment</i>	SHORT	Specified PXI chassis Segments: 0. GXCHASSIS_SEGMENT_0_TO_SEGMENT_1 – Segment Slots 2:7 connecting to Segment Slots 8:13 (chassis left side bridge). 1. GXCHASSIS_SEGMENT_1_TO_SEGMENT_2 - Segment Slots 8:13 connecting to Segment Slots 14:20 (chassis right side bridge).
<i>pnDirection</i>	PSHORT	Returns the Specified PXI trigger line segment direction as follows: 0. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE_DISCONNECT - Disconnect the PXI trigger line from the Right segment and the Left segment. I.e. PXI trigger line is not connected to either segment. 1. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE_LEFT_TO_RIGHT - Connect the PXI trigger line direction to cross from Left segment to the Right segment. 2. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE_RIGHT_TO_LEFT - Connect the PXI trigger line direction to cross from Right segment to the Left segment.
<i>pnPrimaryMode</i>	PSHORT	Returns the Specified PXI trigger line primary side mode, modes are as follows: 0. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE_MONITOR: the primary segment side (left) does not drive the specified trigger line (default). 1. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE_DRIVE_LOW: the primary segment side (left) drives the specified trigger line low (default). 2. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE_DRIVE_HIGH: the primary segment side (left) drives the specified trigger line high (default). Note: this functionality is supported by bridgeboard revisions G and above; previous bridgeboard revision will not be affected.
<i>pnSecondaryMode</i>	PSHORT	Returns the Specified PXI trigger line secondary side mode, modes are as

follows:

0. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE_MONITOR: the secondary segment side (right) does not drive the specified trigger line (default).
1. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE_DRIVE_LOW: the secondary segment side (right) drives the specified trigger line low (default).
2. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE_DRIVE_HIGH: the secondary segment side (right) drives the specified trigger line high (default).

Note: this functionality is supported by bridgeboard revisions G and above; previous bridgeboard revision will not be affected.

pnStatus PSHORT Returned status: 0 on success, negative number on failure.

Comments

The user can monitor the specified trigger line level, high or low, using the **GxChassisGetPxiTriggerLineLevels** (supported by bridgeboard revisions G and above).

Example

The following example returns PXI trigger line 0 Segment Slots 2:7 connecting to Segment Slots 8:13 settings:

```
SHORT  nStatus;
SHORT  nDirection, nPrimaryMode, nSecondaryMode;
GxChassisGetPxiTriggerLine (nHandle, GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE0,
                             GXCHASSIS_SEGMENT_0_TO_SEGMENT_1, &nDirection, &nPrimaryMode,
                             &nSecondaryMode, nStatus);
```

See Also

GxChassisSetPxiTriggerLine, **GxChassisGetPxiTriggerLineLevels**, **GxChassisGetErrorString**

GxChassisGetPxiTriggerLineLevels

Purpose

Returns the specified PXI trigger line segment Left and Right logic levels.

Syntax

GxChassisGetPxiTriggerLineLevels (*nHandle*, *nLine*, *nSegment*, *pnPrimary*, *pnSecondary*, *pnStatus*)

Parameters

Name	Type	Comments
<i>nHandle</i>	SHORT	Handle to a GX70XX Chassis.
<i>nLine</i>	SHORT	Specified PXI trigger line of the specified PXI chassis Segment: 0. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE0 - PXI trigger line 0 1. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE1 - PXI trigger line 1 2. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE2 - PXI trigger line 2 3. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE3 - PXI trigger line 3 4. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE4 - PXI trigger line 4 5. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE5 - PXI trigger line 5 6. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE6 - PXI trigger line 6 7. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE7 - PXI trigger line 7
<i>nSegment</i>	SHORT	Specified PXI chassis Segments: 0. GXCHASSIS_SEGMENT_0_TO_SEGMENT_1 – Segment Slots 2:7 connecting to Segment Slots 8:13 (chassis left side bridge). 1. GXCHASSIS_SEGMENT_1_TO_SEGMENT_2 - Segment Slots 8:13 connecting to Segment Slots 14:20 (chassis right side bridge).
<i>pnPrimary</i>	PSHORT	Returns the Specified PXI trigger line primary side logic level: 0. The primary segment side (left) specified trigger line is low. 1. The primary segment side (left) specified trigger line is high..
<i>pnSecondary</i>	PSHORT	Returns the Specified PXI trigger line secondary side logic level: 0. The secondary segment side (right) specified trigger line is low. 1. The secondary segment side (right) specified trigger line is high.
<i>pnStatus</i>	PSHORT	Returned status: 0 on success, negative number on failure.

Comments

Note: this functionality is supported by bridgeboard revisions G and above.

Example

The following example returns PXI trigger line 0 Segment Slots 2:7 connecting to Segment Slots 8:13 levels:

```
SHORT  nStatus;
SHORT  nPrimary, nSecondary;
GxChassisGetPxiTriggerLine (nHandle, GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE0,
                             GXCHASSIS_SEGMENT_0_TO_SEGMENT_1, &nPrimary, &nSecondary,
                             nStatus);
```

See Also

GxChassisSetPxiTriggerLine, **GxChassisGetErrorString**

GxChassisGetShutdownTemperature

Purpose

Returns the shutdown temperature and shutdown state.

Syntax

GxChassisGetShutdownTemperature (*nHandle*, *pbEnable*, *pdThreshold*, *pnStatus*)

Parameters

Name	Type	Comments
<i>nHandle</i>	SHORT	Handle to a GX70XX Chassis.
<i>pbEnable</i>	PBOOL	Shutdown state: 0. Disabled. 1. Enabled (default).
<i>pdThreshold</i>	PDOUBLE	Shutdown Temperature threshold settings, value can be between +20°C to +70°C.
<i>pnStatus</i>	PSHORT	Returned status: 0 on success, negative number on failure.

Comments

The programmable over temperature shutdown can be programmed to any value between –20°C and +70°C. The programmed temperature can be saved to the onboard EEPROM and be automatically loaded on the next system power up (using the front panel only).

The temperature resolution is 0.8 degree.

Note: the manufacture default threshold is programmed to +70°C.

Example

The following example returns the shutdown temperature and active mode:

```
SHORT  nStatus;
BOOL   bEnable
DOUBLE dThreshold;
GxChassisGetShutdownTemperature (nHandle, &bEnable, &dThreshold, &nStatus);
```

See Also

GxChassisSetTemperatureThresholdMode, **GxChassisSetAlarmMode**, **GxChassisSetAlarmTemperature**, **GxChassisSetShutdownTemperature**, **GxChassisGetErrorString**

GxChassisGetSlotsTemperatures

Purpose

Returns all slot temperatures.

Syntax

GxChassisGetSlotsTemperatures (*nHandle*, *pdTemp*, *pnStatus*)

Parameters

Name	Type	Comments
<i>nHandle</i>	SHORT	Handle to a GX70XX Chassis.
<i>pdTemp</i>	SHORT	Array holding all measured slot temperatures. Measured temperature of slot 1 returned in array index 0.
<i>pnStatus</i>	PSHORT	Returned status: 0 on success, negative number on failure.

Comments

The temperature resolution is 0.8 degree.

Note: Slots' temperatures are measured regardless if the slots are active or not. See the **GxChassisSetSlotsTemperaturesStates** function for details.

Example

The following example returns all twenty measured slots' temperatures into an array:

```
SHORT    nStatus;
DOUBLE   adTemp[20];
GxChassisGetSlotsTemperatures (nHandle, adTemp, &nStatus);
```

See Also

GxChassisSetSlotsTemperaturesStates, **GxChassisSetTemperatureThresholdMode**, **GxChassisSetAlarmMode**, **GxChassisSetAlarmTemperature**, **GxChassisSetShutdownTemperature**, **GxChassisGetErrorString**

GxChassisGetSlotsTemperaturesStates

Purpose

Returns all active (enabled) slot temperatures.

Syntax

GxChassisGetSlotsTemperaturesStates (*nHandle*, *pdwStates*, *pnStatus*)

Parameters

Name	Type	Comments
<i>nHandle</i>	SHORT	Handle to a GX70XX Chassis.
<i>pdwStates</i>	PDWORD	Returns slots with active or enabled temperature monitoring, bits 0 through 19 represents slots 1 through 20. • Bit high – specified slot is enabled. • Bit low – specified slot is disabled.
<i>pnStatus</i>	PSHORT	Returned status: 0 on success, negative number on failure.

Comments

Only active (enabled) slots determine if alarm threshold or shutdown threshold conditions are met.

Example

The following example returns the slots' temperatures' active states:

```
SHORT    nStatus;
DWORD    dwStates;
GxChassisGetSlotsTemperaturesStates (nHandle, &dwStates, &nStatus);
```

See Also

GxChassisSetSlotsTemperaturesStates, **GxChassisSetTemperatureThresholdMode**, **GxChassisSetAlarmMode**, **GxChassisSetAlarmTemperature**, **GxChassisSetShutdownTemperature**, **GxChassisGetErrorString**

GxChassisGetSlotsTemperaturesStatistics

Purpose

Returns the slot with the lowest temperature, the slot with the highest temperature and the average temperature of the active slots.

Syntax

GxChassisGetSlotsTemperaturesStatistics (*nHandle*, *pnMinTempSlot*, *pdMinTemp*, *pnMaxTempSlot*, *pdMaxTemp*, *pdAveTemp*, *pnStatus*)

Parameters

Name	Type	Comments
<i>nHandle</i>	SHORT	Handle to a GX70XX Chassis.
<i>pnMinTempSlot</i>	PSHORT	The slot number with the lowest temperature out of all active slots.
<i>pdMinTemp</i>	PDOUBLE	The temperature of the slot number with the lowest temperature out of all active slots.
<i>pnMaxTempSlot</i>	PSHORT	The slot number with the highest temperature out of all active slots.
<i>pdMaxTemp</i>	PDOUBLE	The temperature of the slot number with the highest temperature out of all active slots.
<i>pdAveTemp</i>	PDOUBLE	The average temperature of all active slots.
<i>pnStatus</i>	PSHORT	Returned status: 0 on success, negative number on failure.

Comments

This function returns all the slots' temperatures and out of the active slots determines the slot with the lowest temperature, the slot with the highest temperature and the average temperature.

The function can be most useful to determine shutdown threshold and alarm threshold settings as well as monitoring the slots' temperatures range.

The temperature resolution is 0.8 degree.

Example

The following example returns the minimum, maximum and average temperatures of the active slots:

```
SHORT  nMinTempSlot, nMaxTempSlot, nStatus;
DOUBLE dMinTemp, dMaxTemp, dAveTemp;
GxChassisGetSlotsTemperaturesStatistics (nHandle, &nMinTempSlot, &dMinTemp, &nMaxTempSlot,
&dMaxTemp, &dAveTemp, &nStatus);
```

See Also

GxChassisSetSlotsTemperaturesStates, **GxChassisSetTemperatureThresholdMode**,
GxChassisSetAlarmMode, **GxChassisSetAlarmTemperature**, **GxChassisSetShutdownTemperature**,
GxChassisGetErrorString

GxChassisGetSlotTemperature

Purpose

Returns the specified slot temperature.

Syntax

GxChassisGetSlotTemperature (*nHandle*, *nSlot*, *pdTemp*, *pnStatus*)

Parameters

Name	Type	Comments
<i>nHandle</i>	SHORT	Handle to a GX70XX Chassis.
<i>nSlot</i>	SHORT	Specified slot temperature. Slot number can be from 1 to 20.
<i>pdTemp</i>	SHORT	Array holding all measured slots' temperatures. Measured temperature of slot 1 returned in array cell number 0.
<i>pnStatus</i>	PSHORT	Returned status: 0 on success, negative number on failure.

Comments

The temperature resolution is 0.8 degree.

Note: Slots' temperatures are measured regardless if the slots are active or not. See the **GxChassisSetSlotsTemperaturesStates** function for details.

Example

The following example returns slot number 2's temperature:

```
SHORT  nStatus;
DOUBLE aTemp;
GxChassisGetSlotTemperature (nHandle, 2, &dTemp, &nStatus);
```

See Also

GxChassisSetSlotsTemperaturesStates, **GxChassisSetTemperatureThresholdMode**, **GxChassisSetAlarmMode**, **GxChassisSetAlarmTemperature**, **GxChassisSetShutdownTemperature**, **GxChassisGetErrorString**

GxChassisGetTemperatureScale

Purpose

Returns the temperature scale used for setting or getting any temperature value.

Syntax

GxChassisGetTemperatureScale (*nHandle*, *pnScale*, *pnStatus*)

Parameters

Name	Type	Comments
<i>nHandle</i>	SHORT	Handle to a GX70XX Chassis.
<i>pnScale</i>	PSHORT	Temperature scale: 0.GXCHASSIS_TEMPERATURE_SCALE_METRIC 1.GXCHASSIS_TEMPERATURE_SCALE_ENGLISH
<i>pnStatus</i>	PSHORT	Returned status: 0 on success, negative number on failure.

Comments

Once the temperature scale is set, the same scale will be applied to all temperature values, e.g. shutdown temperature. The temperature scale setting is saved to the host computer.

Example

The following example returns the temperature scale:

```
SHORT  nScale, nStatus;  
GxChassisGetTemperatureScale  (nHandle, &nScale, &nStatus);
```

See Also

GxChassisSetTemperatureScale, **GxChassisSetSlotsTemperaturesStates**,
GxChassisSetTemperatureThresholdMode, **GxChassisSetAlarmMode**, **GxChassisSetAlarmTemperature**,
GxChassisSetShutdownTemperature, **GxChassisGetErrorString**

GxChassisGetTemperatureThresholdMode

Purpose

Returns the Temperature threshold operation mode.

Syntax

GxChassisGetTemperatureThresholdMode (*nHandle*, *pnMode*, *pnStatus*)

Parameters

Name	Type	Comments
<i>nHandle</i>	SHORT	Handle to a GX70XX Chassis.
<i>pnMode</i>	PSHORT	Temperature threshold operation modes are: 0. GXCHASSIS_OVER_TEMPERATURE_MODE_MAX_SLOT (default) 1. GXCHASSIS_OVER_TEMPERATURE_MODE_AVERAGE_SLOTS
<i>pnStatus</i>	PSHORT	Returned status: 0 on success, negative number on failure.

Comments

The temperature threshold operational mode dictates how the alarm threshold and shutdown threshold will be activated. The modes are: GXCHASSIS_OVER_TEMPERATURE_MODE_MAX_SLOT:

- Shutdown activated when any of the enabled slots' temperature is above the shutdown temperature.
- Alarm activated when any of the enabled slots' temperature is above the alarm temperature.

GXCHASSIS_OVER_TEMPERATURE_MODE_AVERAGE_SLOTS:

- Shutdown activated when the average temperature of all active slots are above the shutdown temperature.
- Alarm activated when the average temperature of all active slots are above the alarm temperature.

Example

The following example returns the Temperature threshold operational mode:

```
SHORT  nMode, nStatus;
GxChassisGetTemperatureThresholdMode (nHandle, &nMode, &nStatus);
```

See Also

GxChassisSetTemperatureThresholdMode, **GxChassisSetAlarmMode**, **GxChassisSetAlarmTemperature**, **GxChassisSetShutdownTemperature**, **GxChassisGetErrorString**

GxChassisInitialize

Purpose

Initialize the driver for the specified chassis number.

Syntax

GxChassisInitialize (*nChassis*, *pnHandle*, *pnStatus*)

Parameters

Name	Type	Comments
<i>nChassis</i>	SHORT	PXI Chassis number.
<i>pnHandle</i>	PSHORT	Returned handle for the to a GX70XX mainframe Chassis. The handle is set to zero on error and <> 0 on success.
<i>pnStatus</i>	PSHORT	Returned status: 0 on success, negative number on failure.

Comments

This function returns a handle that can be used with other GxChassis functions to program the chassis. The function does not change any of the chassis' settings.

Example

The following example initializes two PXI Chassis 1 and 2.

```
SHORT  nHandle1, nHandle2, nStatus;

GxChassisInitialize(1, &nHandle1, &nStatus);
if (nHandle1==0)
    printf("Unable to Initialize the board");

GxChassisInitialize(2, &nHandle2, &nStatus);
if (nHandle2==0)
    printf("Unable to Initialize the board");
```

See Also

GxChassisGetErrorString

GxChassisPanel

Purpose

Opens a virtual panel used to interactively control the GxChassis mainframe.

Syntax

GxChassisPanel (*pnHandle*, *hwndParent*, *nMode*, *phwndPanel*, *pnStatus*)

Parameters

Name	Type	Comments
<i>pnHandle</i>	PSHORT	Handle to a GX70XX Chassis. This number may be zero if the board is to be initialized by the panel window.
<i>hwndParent</i>	HWND	Sets the panel parent window handle. A value of 0 sets the desktop as the parent window.
<i>nMode</i>	SHORT	The mode in which the panel main window is created. 0 for modeless and 1 for modal window.
<i>phwndPanel</i>	LPHWND	Returned window handle for the panel (for modeless panel only).
<i>pnStatus</i>	PSHORT	Returned status: 0 on success, negative number on failure.

Comments

This function is used to create the virtual panel. The panel window may be opened as a modal or a modeless window, depending on the *nMode* parameters.

If the mode is set to modal dialog (*nMode*=1), the panel will disable the parent window (*hwndParent*) and the function will return only after the user closes the window. In that case the *pnHandle* returns the handle created by the user using the panel Initialize dialog. This handle then may be used when calling other GxChassis functions.

If a modeless dialog was created (*nMode*=0), the function returns immediately after creating the panel window, returning the window handle to the panel - *phwndPanel*. It is the responsibility of the calling program to dispatch window messages to this window, so that the window can respond to messages.

Example

The following example opens the panel in modal mode:

```
HWND    hwndPanel;
SHORT   nHandle=0, nStatus;
...
GxChassisPanel (&nHandle, 0, 1, &hwndPanel, &nStatus);
```

See Also

GxChassisInitialize, **GxChassisGetErrorString**

GxChassisRecallSettings

Purpose

Loads and applies the settings as specified by the settings source parameter.

Syntax

GxChassisRecallSettings (*nHandle*, *nSettingSource*, *pnStatus*)

Parameters

Name	Type	Comments
<i>nHandle</i>	SHORT	Handle to a GX70XX Chassis.
<i>nSettingSource</i>	SHORT	Recall Settings source are: 0. GXCHASSIS_RECALL_FACTORY_SETTINGS - Loads and applies the factory default settings 1. GXCHASSIS_RECALL_USER_SETTINGS - Loads and applies the last saved users' settings from the onboard EEPROM.
<i>pnStatus</i>	PSHORT	Returned status: 0 on success, negative number on failure.

Comments

Factory default settings are:

- All slots' temperatures enabled.
- Temperature threshold mode is set to Max Temp Mode.
- Shutdown temperature is 70°C.
- Shutdown temperature state enabled
- Alarm temperature is 50°C.
- Alarm state disabled.
- PXI Trigger lines are all disabled.

Note: Users can only save their settings to the on-board EEPROM when running the front panel.

Example

The following example loads and applies the last saved user settings:

```
SHORT  nStatus;
GxChassisRecallSettings  (nHandle, GXCHASSIS_RECALL_USER_SETTINGS, &nStatus);
```

See Also

GxChassisGetAlarmMode, **GxChassisSetAlarmTemperature**, **GxChassisSetTemperatureThresholdMode**, **GxChassisSetShutdownTemperature**, **GxChassisGetErrorString**

GxChassisResetPxiTriggerLines

Purpose

Resets all PXI trigger lines in a specified segment.

Syntax

GxChassisResetPxiTriggerLines (*nHandle*, *nSegment*, *pnStatus*)

Parameters

Name	Type	Comments
<i>nHandle</i>	SHORT	Handle to a GX70XX Chassis.
<i>nSegment</i>	SHORT	Specified PXI chassis Segments: 0. GXCHASSIS_SEGMENT_0_TO_SEGMENT_1 – Segment Slots 2:7 connecting to Segment Slots 8:13 (chassis left side bridge). 1. GXCHASSIS_SEGMENT_1_TO_SEGMENT_2 - Segment Slots 8:13 connecting to Segment Slots 14:20 (chassis right side bridge).
<i>pnStatus</i>	PSHORT	Returned status: 0 on success, negative number on failure.

Comments

After calling this function the specified segment settings will be as follows:

Direction: A segment's primary and secondary sides are disconnected
 (GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE_DISCONNECT).

Primary side: monitor state (GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE_MONITOR).

Secondary side: monitor state (GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE_MONITOR).

Example

The following example resets the first segment:

```
SHORT    nStatus;
GxChassisResetPxiTriggerLines (nHandle, GXCHASSIS_SEGMENT_0_TO_SEGMENT_1, &nStatus);
```

See Also

GxChassisSetPxiTriggerLine, **GxChassisgetPxiTriggerLine**, **GxChassisGetErrorString**

GxChassisSetAlarmMode

Purpose

Sets the over temperature alarm mode.

Syntax

GxChassisSetAlarmMode (*nHandle*, *nMode*, *pnStatus*)

Parameters

Name	Type	Comments
<i>nHandle</i>	SHORT	Handle to a GX70XX Chassis.
<i>nMode</i>	SHORT	Over Temperature Alarm mode is one of the following: 0. GXCHASSIS_OVER_TEMPERATURE_ALARM_DISABLE – Alarm disabled. 1. GXCHASSIS_OVER_TEMPERATURE_ALARM_ENABLE – Alarm enabled. 2. GXCHASSIS_OVER_TEMPERATURE_ALARM_ON – Alarm is on. 3. GXCHASSIS_OVER_TEMPERATURE_ALARM_SNOOZE – Silence the Alarm after the Alarm threshold condition is met. If the alarm condition reoccurs, the buzzer will activate again.
<i>pnStatus</i>	PSHORT	Returned status: 0 on success, negative number on failure.

Comments

When the Alarm is on (threshold condition was met or set to On) both backplane buzzers will beep simultaneously in intervals of 10 seconds.

Example

The following example enables the Over Temperature Alarm:

```
SHORT  nStatus;
GxChassisSetAlarmMode (nHandle, GXCHASSIS_OVER_TEMPERATURE_ALARM_ENABLE, &nStatus);
```

See Also

GxChassisGetAlarmMode, **GxChassisSetAlarmTemperature**, **GxChassisSetTemperatureThresholdMode**, **GxChassisSetShutdownTemperature**, **GxChassisGetErrorString**

GxChassisSetAlarmTemperature

Purpose

Sets the alarm temperature threshold.

Syntax

GxChassisSetAlarmTemperature (*nHandle*, *dTemp*, *pnStatus*)

Parameters

Name	Type	Comments
<i>nHandle</i>	SHORT	Handle to a GX70XX Chassis.
<i>dTemp</i>	DOUBLE	Alarm temperature threshold settings
<i>pnStatus</i>	PSHORT	Returned status: 0 on success, negative number on failure.

Comments

The programmable Alarm temperature can be programmed to any value between –20°C and +70°C. The programmed temperature can be saved to the onboard EEPROM and be automatically loaded on the next system power up (using the front panel only).

The temperature resolution is 0.8 degree.

Note: Manufacturer default Alarm temperature is +50°C.

Example

The following example sets the Alarm temperature to 45°C:

```
SHORT  nStatus;
GxChassisSetAlarmTemperature (nHandle, 45, &nStatus);
```

See Also

GxChassisSetTemperatureThresholdMode, **GxChassisSetAlarmMode**, **GxChassisSetAlarmTemperature**, **GxChassisSetShutdownTemperature**, **GxChassisGetErrorString**

GxChassisSetFanSpeed

Purpose

Sets the fan speed and control settings.

Syntax

GxChassisSetFanSpeed (*nHandle*, *nSpeedControl*, *nSpeed*, *pnStatus*)

Parameters

Name	Type	Comments
<i>nHandle</i>	SHORT	Handle to a GX70XX Chassis.
<i>nSpeedControl</i>	SHORT	Sets the fans speed control mode as follows: 0. GXCHASSIS_FAN_SPEED_MODE_AUTO: fan speed is automatically controlled by the chassis. When mode is set to Auto the user can specify fan speed based on user defined high and low temperature thresholds. 1. GXCHASSIS_FAN_SPEED_MODE_USER_DEFINED: Fans speed is specified by the user (<i>pnSpeed</i> value).
<i>nSpeed</i>	SHORT	Sets the fans speed as follows: 0. GXCHASSIS_FAN_SPEED_MIN: Fan speed is at the minimum operational range. 1. GXCHASSIS_FAN_SPEED_MID: Fan speed is at the middle operational range. 2. GXCHASSIS_FAN_SPEED_MAX: Fan speed is at the maximum operational range.
<i>pnStatus</i>	PSHORT	Returned status: 0 on success, negative number on failure.

Comments

When the fan speed control is set to Auto (GXCHASSIS_FAN_SPEED_MODE_AUTO), the user can specify the temperature threshold range (low and high). When threshold is <=low temp then the fan speed will be set to low, when threshold is >=high temp the fan speed will be set to high. In between these threshold points the chassis will set the fan speed relative to the measured chassis temperature, e.g. if the fan's low threshold temperature is set to 20 and the high threshold temperature is set to 40 and the chassis temperature is 30 then the fan speed will be set to the medium speed.

When fan speed control is set to user defined (GXCHASSIS_FAN_SPEED_MODE_USER_DEFINED) then the fan speed will stay constant according to the programmed *pnSpeed* value.

Note: this functionality is supported by bridgeboard revisions G and above.

Example

The following example sets the fan speed to Auto:

```
SHORT  nStatus;
GxChassisSetFanSpeed (nHandle, GXCHASSIS_FAN_SPEED_MODE_AUTO, 0, &nStatus);
```

See Also

GxChassisGetFanSpeed, **GxChassisSetFanThresholdTemperatures**, **GxChassisGetErrorString**

GxChassisSetFanThresholdTemperatures

Purpose

Sets the fan low and high threshold temperatures.

Syntax

GxChassisSetFanThresholdTemperatures (*nHandle*, *dMinThreshold*, *dMaxThreshold*, *pnStatus*)

Parameters

Name	Type	Comments
<i>nHandle</i>	SHORT	Handle to a GX70XX Chassis.
<i>dMinThreshold</i>	DOUBLE	Fan's low threshold temperature speed. Value is either in Fahrenheit or Celsius as was set by the GxChassisSetTemperatureScale function call.
<i>dMaxThreshold</i>	DOUBLE	Fan's high threshold temperature speed. Value is either in Fahrenheit or Celsius as was set by the GxChassisSetTemperatureScale function call.
<i>pnStatus</i>	PSHORT	Returned status: 0 on success, negative number on failure.

Comments

When the fan speed control is set to Auto (GXCHASSIS_FAN_SPEED_MODE_AUTO), the user can specify the temperature threshold range (low and high). When threshold is <=low temp then the fan speed will be set to low, when the threshold is >=high temp the fan speed will be set to high. In between these threshold points the chassis will set the fan speed relative to the measured chassis temperature, e.g. if fan low threshold temperature is set to 20 and the high threshold temperature is set to 40 and the chassis temperature is 30 then the fan speed will be set to the medium speed.

Note: this functionality is supported by bridgeboard revisions G and above.

Example

The following example sets the fan low and high threshold temperatures in Celsius.

```
SHORT  nStatus;
GxChassisSetFanThresholdTemperatures (nHandle, 20, 40, &nStatus);
```

See Also

GxChassisGetFanThresholdTemperatures, **GxChassisSetFanSpeed**, **GxChassisGetErrorString**

GxChassisSetPxiTriggerLine

Purpose

Sets the specified PXI trigger line bridge direction mode and the Left and Right mode.

Syntax

GxChassisSetPxiTriggerLine (*nHandle*, *nLine*, *nSegment*, *ucDirection*, *nPrimaryMode*, *nSecondaryMode*, *pnStatus*)

Parameters

Name	Type	Comments
<i>nHandle</i>	SHORT	Handle to a GX70XX Chassis.
<i>nLine</i>	SHORT	Specified PXI trigger line of the specified PXI chassis Segment: 0. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE0 - PXI trigger line 0 1. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE1 - PXI trigger line 1 2. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE2 - PXI trigger line 2 3. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE3 - PXI trigger line 3 4. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE4 - PXI trigger line 4 5. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE5 - PXI trigger line 5 6. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE6 - PXI trigger line 6 7. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE7 - PXI trigger line 7
<i>nSegment</i>	SHORT	Specified PXI chassis Segments: 0. GXCHASSIS_SEGMENT_0_TO_SEGMENT_1 – Segment Slots 2:7 connecting to Segment Slots 8:13 (chassis left side bridge). 1. GXCHASSIS_SEGMENT_1_TO_SEGMENT_2 - Segment Slots 8:13 connecting to Segment Slots 14:20 (chassis right side bridge).
<i>nDirection</i>	SHORT	Specified PXI trigger line segment direction as follows: 0. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE_DISCONNECT - Disconnect the PXI trigger line from the Right segment and the Left segment. I.e. PXI trigger line is isolated between the left and right segment.. 1. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE_LEFT_TO_RIGHT - Connect the PXI trigger line direction to cross from the Left segment to the Right segment. 2. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE_RIGHT_TO_LEFT - Connect the PXI trigger line direction to cross from the Right segment to the Left segment.
<i>nPrimaryMode</i>	SHORT	Specified PXI trigger line primary side mode, modes are as follows: 0. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE_MONITOR: the primary segment side (left) does not drive the specified trigger line (default). 1. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE_DRIVE_LOW: the primary segment side (left) drives the specified trigger line low (default). 2. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE_DRIVE_HIGH: the primary segment side (left) drives the specified trigger line high (default). Note: this functionality is supported by bridgeboard revisions G and above; previous bridgeboard revision will not be affected.
<i>nSecondaryMode</i>	SHORT	Specified PXI trigger line secondary side mode, modes are as follows:

0. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE_MONITOR: the secondary segment side (right) does not drive the specified trigger line (default).
1. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE_DRIVE_LOW: the secondary segment side (right) drives the specified trigger line low (default).
2. GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE_DRIVE_HIGH: the secondary segment side (right) drives the specified trigger line high (default).

Note: this functionality is supported by bridgeboard revisions G and above; previous bridgeboard revision will not be affected.

pnStatus PSHORT Returned status: 0 on success, negative number on failure.

Comments

The user can monitor the specified trigger line level, high or low, using the **GxChassisGetPxiTriggerLineLevels** (supported by bridgeboard revisions G and above).

Example

The following example sets PXI trigger line 0 Segment Slots 2:7 connecting to Segment Slots 8:13 settings:

```
SHORT  nStatus;
SHORT  nDirection, nPrimaryMode, nSecondaryMode;
GxChassisSetPxiTriggerLine (nHandle, GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE0,
                             GXCHASSIS_SEGMENT_0_TO_SEGMENT_1,
                             GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE_LEFT_TO_RIGHT,
                             GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE_MONITOR,
                             GXCHASSIS_PXI_TRIGGER_BUS_LINE_MONITOR, nStatus);
```

See Also

GxChassisSetPxiTriggerLine, **GxChassisGetPxiTriggerLineLevels**, **GxChassisGetErrorString**

GxChassisSetShutdownTemperature

Purpose

Sets the shutdown temperature and shutdown state.

Syntax

GxChassisSetShutdownTemperature (*nHandle*, *bEnable*, *dThreshold*, *pnStatus*)

Parameters

Name	Type	Comments
<i>nHandle</i>	SHORT	Handle to a GX70XX Chassis.
<i>bEnable</i>	BOOL	Shutdown state: 0. Disabled. 1. Enabled (default).
<i>dThreshold</i>	DOUBLE	Shutdown Temperature threshold settings, value can be between +20°C to +70°C.
<i>pnStatus</i>	PSHORT	Returned status: 0 on success, negative number on failure.

Comments

The programmable Over shutdown temperature can be programmed to any value between +20°C and +70°C. The programmed temperature can be saved to the onboard EEPROM and be automatically loaded on the next system power up (using the front panel only).

The temperature resolution is 0.8 degree.

Note: Manufacturer default threshold is programmed to +70°C.

Example

The following example sets the shutdown temperature to 50°C and enables the shutdown:

```
SHORT  nStatus;
GxChassisSetShutdownTemperature (nHandle, TRUE, 50, &nStatus);
```

See Also

GxChassisSetTemperatureThresholdMode, GxChassisSetAlarmMode, GxChassisGetAlarmTemperature, GxChassisGetShutdownTemperature, GxChassisGetErrorString

GxChassisSetSlotsTemperaturesStates

Purpose

Sets (enables) all slots for active temperature monitoring

Syntax

GxChassisSetSlotsTemperaturesStates (nHandle, dwStates, pnStatus)

Parameters

Name	Type	Comments
<i>nHandle</i>	SHORT	Handle to a GX70XX Chassis.
<i>dwStates</i>	DWORD	Defines slots that will be actively monitored for temperature. Bits 0 through 19 represents slots 1 through 20. • Bit high – specified slot enabled. • Bit low – specified slot disabled.
<i>pnStatus</i>	PSHORT	Returned status: 0 on success, negative number on failure.

Comments

Only active (enabled) slots determine if alarm threshold or shutdown threshold conditions are met.

Example

The following example enables slots 1 through 6 only:

```
SHORT  nStatus;
GxChassisSetSlotsTemperaturesStates  (nHandle, 0x3F, &nStatus);
```

See Also

GxChassisGetSlotsTemperaturesStates, **GxChassisSetTemperatureThresholdMode**, **GxChassisSetAlarmMode**, **GxChassisSetAlarmTemperature**, **GxChassisSetShutdownTemperature**, **GxChassisGetErrorString**

GxChassisSetTemperatureScale

Purpose

Sets the temperature scale used for setting or getting any temperature value.

Syntax

GxChassisSetTemperatureScale (*nHandle*, *nScale*, *pnStatus*)

Parameters

Name	Type	Comments
<i>nHandle</i>	SHORT	Handle to a GX70XX Chassis.
<i>nScale</i>	SHORT	Temperature scale: 0.GXCHASSIS_TEMPERATURE_SCALE_METRIC 1.GXCHASSIS_TEMPERATURE_SCALE_ENGLISH
<i>pnStatus</i>	PSHORT	Returned status: 0 on success, negative number on failure.

Comments

Once the temperature scale is set, the same scale will be applied to all temperature values, e.g. shutdown temperature. The temperature scale setting is saved to the host computer.

Example

The following example sets the temperature scale used for setting or getting any temperature value to the English scale:

```
SHORT  nStatus;  
GxChassisSetTemperatureScale (nHandle, GXCHASSIS_TEMPERATURE_SCALE_ENGLISH, &nStatus);
```

See Also

GxChassisGetTemperatureScale, **GxChassisSetSlotsTemperaturesStates**,
GxChassisSetTemperatureThresholdMode, **GxChassisSetAlarmMode**, **GxChassisSetAlarmTemperature**,
GxChassisSetShutdownTemperature, **GxChassisGetErrorString**

GxChassisSetTemperatureThresholdMode

Purpose

Sets the Temperature threshold operational mode.

Syntax

GxChassisSetTemperatureThresholdMode (*nHandle*, *nMode*, *pnStatus*)

Parameters

Name	Type	Comments
<i>nHandle</i>	SHORT	Handle to a GX70XX Chassis.
<i>pnMode</i>	PSHORT	Temperature threshold operational modes are: 0. GXCHASSIS_OVER_TEMPERATURE_MODE_MAX_SLOT (default) 1. GXCHASSIS_OVER_TEMPERATURE_MODE_AVERAGE_SLOTS
<i>pnStatus</i>	PSHORT	Returned status: 0 on success, negative number on failure.

Comments

The temperature threshold operational mode dictates how the alarm threshold and shutdown threshold will be activated. The modes are:

GXCHASSIS_OVER_TEMPERATURE_MODE_MAX_SLOT:

- Shutdown activated when any of the enabled slots' temperature is above the shutdown temperature.
- Alarm activated when any of the enabled slots' temperature is above the alarm temperature.

GXCHASSIS_OVER_TEMPERATURE_MODE_AVERAGE_SLOTS:

- Shutdown activated when the average temperature of all active slots are above the shutdown temperature.
- Alarm activated when the average temperature of all active slots are above the alarm temperature.

Example

The following example sets the Temperature threshold operational mode to average:

```
SHORT  nStatus;
GxChassisSetTemperatureThresholdMode(nHandle, GXCHASSIS_OVER_TEMPERATURE_MODE_AVERAGE_SLOTS,
                                     &nStatus);
```

See Also

GxChassisGetTemperatureThresholdMode, **GxChassisSetAlarmMode**, **GxChassisSetAlarmTemperature**, **GxChassisSetShutdownTemperature**, **GxChassisGetErrorString**

Appendix A – Specifications

AC Input Power

GX7000A/GX7010A/GX7002A/GX7012A

115VAC @ 16A, 50/60Hz

230VAC @ 8A, 50/60Hz

Input AC power is filtered using a line filter.

GX7000A-1100/GX7010A-1100/GX7002A-1100/GX70012A-1100

115VAC @ 20A, 50/60Hz

230VAC @ 10A, 50/60Hz

Input AC power is filtered using a line filter.

GX7000B/GX7010B/GX7002B/GX70012B/GX7015-EXT

100 to 179 VAC @ 15A max (PFC), 47 to 63 Hz

180 to 240 VAC @ 10A max,(PFC), 47 to 63 Hz

Input AC power is filtered using a line filter.

GX7005A / GX7015A

120 / 208 VAC, 3 phase delta configuration

20A per phase, 47 – 63 Hz

Power Supplies

GX7000A/GX7010A/GX7002A/GX7012A

Two 400W DC power supplies providing a total of:

+5 VDC @ 100A (Max)

+3.3 VDC @ 60A (Max)

+12 VDC @ 54A (Max)

-12 VDC @ 6A (Max)

400W Power Supply Load, Regulation, Ripple, and Noise Specifications

Output Voltage		Load Range		Regulation		Ripple Max		Noise*	
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	mV	P-P	Max.	mV P-P
1	+3.3V	0.2A	30.0A	- 5 %	+ 5 %	50	mV	100	mV
2	+5.0V	2.5A	50.0A	- 5 %	+ 5 %	50	mV	100	mV
3	+12.0V	0.5A	27.0A	- 5 %	+ 5 %	100	mV	150	mV
4	-12.0V	0.0A	3.0 A	- 10 %	+ 10 %	150	mV	200	mV

*Noise Bandwidth: DC – 20 MHz

Note: The maximum combined power for the 3.3 and 5 V supplies for slots 1 – 7 cannot exceed 250 W.

The maximum combined power for the 3.3 and 5 V supplies for slots 8 -20 cannot exceed 250 W.

GX7000A-1100/GX7010A-1100/GX7002A -1100/GX70012A -1100

Two 560W DC power supplies providing a total of:

+5 VDC @ 120A (Max)

+3.3 VDC @ 80A (Max)

+12 VDC @ 64A (Max)

-12 VDC @ 6A (Max)

560W Power Supply Load, Regulation, Ripple, and Noise Specifications

Output Voltage		Load Range		Regulation		Ripple Max		Noise*	
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	mV	P-P	Max.	mV P-P
1	+3.3V	0.2 A	40.0 A	- 5 %	+ 5 %	50	mV	100	mV
2	+5.0V	2.5 A	60.0 A	- 5 %	+ 5 %	50	mV	100	mV
3	+12.0V	0.5 A	32.0 A	- 5 %	+ 5 %	100	mV	150	mV
4	-12.0V	0.0 A	3.0 A	- 10 %	+ 10 %	150	mV	200	mV

*Noise Bandwidth: DC – 20 MHz

Note: The maximum combined power for the 3.3 and 5 V supplies for slots 1 – 7 cannot exceed 300 W.

The maximum combined power for the 3.3 and 5 V supplies for slots 8 -20 cannot exceed 300 W.

GX7000B/GX7010B/GX7002B/GX70012B/GX7015-EXT

Two DC power supplies providing a total of 900W. The specification of each power supply is listed in a table below. One power supply provides power to slots 1-7 and the other to slots 8-20. Total power for the +5V and +3.3V cannot exceed 300 watts for slots 1-7 combined and slots 8-20 combined.

GX70x0B, GX70x2B & GX7015-EXT Power Supply Load, Regulation, Ripple, and Noise Specifications

Output Voltage		Load Range		Regulation		Ripple & Noise*	
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Max.	mV P-P
1	+3.3V	0.2 A	40.0 A	- 3 %	+ 5 %	50	mV
2	+5.0V	2.5 A	60.0 A	- 3 %	+ 5 %	50	mV
3	+12.0V	0.5 A	32.0 A	- 5 %	+ 5 %	150	mV
4	-12.0V	0.0 A	3.0 A	- 5 %	+ 5 %	200	mV

*Noise Bandwidth: DC – 20 MHz

GX7005A/GX7015A

PXI Power Supply:

- +5 VDC @ 60A (Max)
- +3.3 VDC @ 80A (Max)
- +12 VDC @ 32A (Max)
- 12 VDC @ 3A (Max)

Note: The maximum combined power for the 3.3 and 5V supplies for slots 8 -20 cannot exceed 300 W.

Pin Electronics Power Supplies (VCC and VEE), accessed via the P5 connector

- VCC voltage range and current: +10 to +30 V, @ 20A
- VEE voltage range and current: -4 to -18 V, @ 20A
- Configuration: 4 independent supplies powering slots 4-7, 8-11, 12-15, 16 -19
- Programmability: Controlled via digital instrument driver

Supplemental 3.3V power supply: 60A, accessed via the P5 connector

Cooling

GX70x0A/B and GX70x2A/B

Four 33CFM fans are mounted below the card cage (below the instruments) and provide a positive airflow. Air exhaust is through the rear panel.

Two additional 25CFM fans provide cooling for the two power supplies.

GX7005A/GX7015A/GX7015-EXT

Four 100 CFM fans are mounted below the card cage (below the instruments) and four 100 CFM fans are located at the rear of the chassis providing high capacity, positive air flow. Air intake is at the front / bottom of the chassis and air exhaust is through the rear panel. The system power supplies have independent cooling fans.

Temperature Monitoring

Integrated temperature monitoring is provided via an on-board microcontroller with audible and software notification when preset temperature limits are exceeded. Temperature monitoring features include:

- Per slot monitoring, 1 reading/sec/slot
- 4 second moving average value
- User selectable alarm criteria:
 - Maximum slot temperature
 - Average slot temperature
- Accuracy: +/- 2 ° C
- Default warning and shutdown limits: +50 ° C & +70° C
- Warning and shutdown limits programmable via software driver
- Status: Query via software driver and audible alarm for a warning limit condition

Power Supply Monitoring

Monitored system power supply voltages: 3.3 5, +12, -12, VIO value

Accuracy: +/- 2% of reading

Clock

Integrated 10MHz PXI system clock with auto-detect function. Presence of an external 10 MHz PXI clock will disable the internal clock source.

External 10 MHz: (GX70x0B / GX70x2B / GX7005A / GX7015A models)

Input: BNC, TTL compatible, presence of input signal will override internal 10 MHz and slot 2 10 MHz clock (if present)

Output: BNC, TTL compatible

Internal 10 MHz accuracy: +/- 100 ppm

Slots

All GX70xx chassis have a total of 20 slots:

- 1 System Controller Slot
- 1 PXI Star Trigger Controller Slot (can be used by any PXI/cPCI instrument)
- 13 PXI/cPCI Instruments with Star Trigger
- 5 PXI/cPCI Instruments (without Star Trigger)

Physical Dimensions and Weights

Empty Weight

GX70xxA

- GX7000A: 38 lbs
- GX7010A: 35 lbs
- GX7002A: 44 lbs
- GX7012A: 41 lbs

GX70xxA-1100

- GX7000A: 39 lbs
- GX7010A: 36 lbs
- GX7002A: 45 lbs
- GX7012A: 42 lbs

GX70xxB/ GX7015-EXT

- GX7000B: 39 lbs
- GX7010B: 36 lbs
- GX7002B: 45 lbs
- GX7012B: 42 lbs
- GX7015A: 70 lbs

Dimensions

GX7000A/B / GX7010A/B: 8U (14")H x 17.6" W x 14"D

GX7002A/B / GX7012A/B / GX7015-EXT: 10U (17.5")H x 17.6"W x 19.68"D

GX7005A / GX7015A: 10U (17.5")H x 17.6"W x 24.5"D

Environmental

Operating Temperature Range:	0°C to 55°C
Storage Temperature Range:	-20°C to +85°C
Operating relative humidity:	10 to 90%, non-condensing
Storage relative humidity:	5 to 95%, non-condensing
Emissions:	EN61010-1, EN61236

Appendix B –PXI Slots Pin Outs

This appendix describes the P1 and P2 connector pin outs for the GX70xx backplane.

- Table B-1 lists the signal names grouped by Bus type
- Table B-2 shows the P1 (J1) connector pin out for the System Controller slot.
- Table B-3 shows the P2 (J2) connector pin out for the System Controller slot.
- Table B-4 shows the P1 (J1) connector pin out for the Star Trigger slot.
- Table B-5 shows the P2 (J2) connector pin out for the Star Trigger slot.
- Table B-6 shows the P1 (J1) connector pin out for the peripheral slots.
- Table B-7 shows the P2 (J2) connector pin out for the peripheral slots.
- Table B-8 shows the P5 (J5) connector pin out for the peripheral slots.

To help in reviewing the tables in this section and locating the appropriate specification for signal requirements, Table B-1 lists all signals alphabetically by original specification (PXI, CompactPCI, or PCI).

System	Signals		
PXI	PXI_BRSV	PXI_LBL[0:12]	PXI_STAR[0:12]
	PXI_CLK10	PXI_STAR[0:12]	PXI_TRIG[0:7]
	PXI_CLK10_IN	PXI_TRIG[0:7]	
CompactPCI	BD_SEL#	HEALTHY#	REQ#[0:6]
	BRSV	INTP	RSV
	CLK[0:6]	INTS	SYSEN#
	DEG#	IPMB_PWR	SMB_ALERT#
	ENUM#	IPMB_SCL	SMB_SCL
	FAL#	IPMB_SDA	SMB_SDA
	GA0-GA4	PRST#	UNC
	GNT#[0:6]		
PCI	ACK64#	AD[0:63]	C/BE[0:7]#
	CLK	DEVSEL#	FRAME#
	GND	GNT#	IDSEL
	INTA#	INTB#	INTC#
	INTD#	IRDY#	LOCK#
	M66EN	PAR	PAR64
	PERR#	REQ#	REQ64#
	RST#	SERR#	STOP#
	TCK	TDI	TDO
	TMS	TRDY#	TRST#
	V(I/O)	3.3 V	5 V
	+12 V	-12 V	

Table B-1: Signal Names grouped by BUS

P1 (J1) Connector Pin Out for System Controller Slot

Pin	Z	A	B	C	D	E	F
25	GND	5V	REQ64#	ENUM#	3.3V	5V	GND
24	GND	AD[1]	5V	V(I/O)	AD[0]	ACK64#	GND
23	GND	3.3V	AD[4]	AD[3]	5V	AD[2]	GND
22	GND	AD[7]	GND	3.3V	AD[6]	AD[5]	GND
21	GND	3.3V	AD[9]	AD[8]	M66EN	C/BE[0]#	GND
20	GND	AD[12]	GND	V(I/O)	AD[11]	AD[10]	GND
19	GND	3.3V	AD[15]	AD[14]	GND	AD[13]	GND
18	GND	SERR#	GND	3.3V	PAR	C/BE[1]#	GND
17	GND	3.3V	IPMB_SCL	IPMB_SDA	GND	PERR#	GND
16	GND	DEVSEL#	GND	V(I/O)	STOP#	LOCK#	GND
15	GND	3.3V	FRAME#	IRDY#	GND	TRDY#	GND
12–14	Key	Area					
11	GND	AD[18]	AD[17]	AD[16]	GND	C/BE[2]#	GND
10	GND	AD[21]	GND	3.3V	AD[20]	AD[19]	GND
9	GND	C/BE[3]#	GND	AD[23]	GND	AD[22]	GND
8	GND	AD[26]	GND	V(I/O)	AD[25]	AD[24]	GND
7	GND	AD[30]	AD[29]	AD[28]	GND	AD[27]	GND
6	GND	REQ0#	GND	3.3V	CLK0	AD[31]	GND
5	GND	BRSVP1A5	BRSVP1B5	RST#	GND	GNT0#	GND
4	GND	IPMB_PWR	HEALTHY#	V(I/O)	INTP	INTS	GND
3	GND	INTA#	INTB#	INTC#	5V	INTD#	GND
2	GND	TCK	5V	TMS	TDO	TDI	GND
1	GND	5V	–12V	TRST#	+12V	5V	GND

Table B-2: P1 (J1) Connector Pin Out for the System Controller Slot

P2 (J2) Connector Pin Out for System Controller Slot

Pin	Z	A	B	C	D	E	F
22	GND	GA4	GA3	GA2	GA1	GA0	GND
21	GND	CLK6	GND	RSV	RSV	RSV	GND
20	GND	CLK5	GND	RSV	GND	RSV	GND
19	GND	GND	GND	SMB_SDA	SMB_SCL	SMB_ALERT#	GND
18	GND	PXI_TRIG3	PXI_TRIG4	PXI_TRIG5	GND	PXI_TRIG6	GND
17	GND	PXI_TRIG2	GND	PRST#	REQ6#	GNT6#	GND
16	GND	PXI_TRIG1	PXI_TRIG0	DEG#	GND	PXI_TRIG7	GND
15	GND	PXI_BRSVA15	GND	FAL#	REQ5#	GNT5#	GND
14	GND	AD[35]	AD[34]	AD[33]	GND	AD[32]	GND
13	GND	AD[38]	GND	V(I/O)	AD[37]	AD[36]	GND
12	GND	AD[42]	AD[41]	AD[40]	GND	AD[39]	GND
11	GND	AD[45]	GND	V(I/O)	AD[44]	AD[43]	GND
10	GND	AD[49]	AD[48]	AD[47]	GND	AD[46]	GND
9	GND	AD[52]	GND	V(I/O)	AD[51]	AD[50]	GND
8	GND	AD[56]	AD[55]	AD[54]	GND	AD[53]	GND
7	GND	AD[59]	GND	V(I/O)	AD[58]	AD[57]	GND
6	GND	AD[63]	AD[62]	AD[61]	GND	AD[60]	GND
5	GND	C/BE[5]#	GND	V(I/O)	C/BE[4]#	PAR64	GND
4	GND	V(I/O)	PXI_BRSVB4	C/BE[7]#	GND	C/BE[6]#	GND
3	GND	CLK4	GND	GNT3#	REQ4#	GNT4#	GND
2	GND	CLK2	CLK3	SYSEN#	GNT2#	REQ3#	GND
1	GND	CLK1	GND	REQ1#	GNT1#	REQ2#	GND

Table B-3: P2 (J2) Connector Pin Out for the System Controller Slot

P1 (J1) Connector Pin Out for the Star Trigger Slot

Pin	Z	A	B	C	D	E	F
25	GND	5V	REQ64#	ENUM#	3.3V	5V	GND
24	GND	AD[1]	5V	V(I/O)	AD[0]	ACK64#	GND
23	GND	3.3V	AD[4]	AD[3]	5V	AD[2]	GND
22	GND	AD[7]	GND	3.3V	AD[6]	AD[5]	GND
21	GND	3.3V	AD[9]	AD[8]	M66EN	C/BE[0]#	GND
20	GND	AD[12]	GND	V(I/O)	AD[11]	AD[10]	GND
19	GND	3.3V	AD[15]	AD[14]	GND	AD[13]	GND
18	GND	SERR#	GND	3.3V	PAR	C/BE[1]#	GND
17	GND	3.3V	IPMB_SCL	IPMB_SDA	GND	PERR#	GND
16	GND	DEVSEL#	GND	V(I/O)	STOP#	LOCK#	GND
15	GND	3.3V	FRAME#	IRDY#	BD_SEL#	TRDY#	GND
12–14	Key	Area					
11	GND	AD[18]	AD[17]	AD[16]	GND	C/BE[2]#	GND
10	GND	AD[21]	GND	3.3V	AD[20]	AD[19]	GND
9	GND	C/BE[3]#	IDSEL	AD[23]	GND	AD[22]	GND
8	GND	AD[26]	GND	V(I/O)	AD[25]	AD[24]	GND
7	GND	AD[30]	AD[29]	AD[28]	GND	AD[27]	GND
6	GND	REQ#	GND	3.3V	CLK	AD[31]	GND
5	GND	BRSVP1A5	BRSVP1B5	RST#	GND	GNT#	GND
4	GND	IPMB_PWR	HEALTHY#	V(I/O)	INTP	INTS	GND
3	GND	INTA#	INTB#	INTC#	5V	INTD#	GND
2	GND	TCK	5V	TMS	TDO	TDI	GND
1	GND	5V	–12V	TRST#	+12V	5V	GND

Table B-4: P2 (J2) Connector Pin Out for the System Controller Slot

P2 (J2) Connector Pin Out for the Star Trigger Slot

Pin	Z	A	B	C	D	E	F
22	GND	GA4	GA3	GA2	GA1	GA0	GND
21	GND	PXI_LBR0	GND	PXI_LBR1	PXI_LBR2	PXI_LBR3	GND
20	GND	PXI_LBR4	PXI_LBR5	PXI_STAR0	GND	PXI_STAR1	GND
19	GND	PXI_STAR2	GND	PXI_STAR3	PXI_STAR4	PXI_STAR5	GND
18	GND	PXI_TRIG3	PXI_TRIG4	PXI_TRIG5	GND	PXI_TRIG6	GND
17	GND	PXI_TRIG2	GND	RSV	PXI_CLK10_IN	PXI_CLK10	GND
16	GND	PXI_TRIG1	PXI_TRIG0	RSV	GND	PXI_TRIG7	GND
15	GND	PXI_BRSVA15	GND	RSV	PXI_STAR6	PXI_LBR6	GND
14	GND	AD[35]	AD[34]	AD[33]	GND	AD[32]	GND
13	GND	AD[38]	GND	V(I/O)	AD[37]	AD[36]	GND
12	GND	AD[42]	AD[41]	AD[40]	GND	AD[39]	GND
11	GND	AD[45]	GND	V(I/O)	AD[44]	AD[43]	GND
10	GND	AD[49]	AD[48]	AD[47]	GND	AD[46]	GND
9	GND	AD[52]	GND	V(I/O)	AD[51]	AD[50]	GND
8	GND	AD[56]	AD[55]	AD[54]	GND	AD[53]	GND
7	GND	AD[59]	GND	V(I/O)	AD[58]	AD[57]	GND
6	GND	AD[63]	AD[62]	AD[61]	GND	AD[60]	GND
5	GND	C/BE[5]#	GND	V(I/O)	C/BE[4]#	PAR64	GND
4	GND	V(I/O)	PXI_BRSVB4	C/BE[7]#	GND	C/BE[6]#	GND
3	GND	PXI_LBR7	GND	PXI_LBR8	PXI_LBR9	PXI_LBR10	GND
2	GND	PXI_LBR11	PXI_LBR12	UNC	PXI_STAR7	PXI_STAR8	GND
1	GND	PXI_STAR9	GND	PXI_STAR10	PXI_STAR11	PXI_STAR12	GND

Table B-5: P2 (J2) Connector Pin Out for the Star Trigger Slot

P1 (J1) Connector Pin Out for the Peripheral Slot

Pin	Z	A	B	C	D	E	F
25	GND	5V	REQ64#	ENUM#	3.3V	5V	GND
24	GND	AD[1]	5V	V(I/O)	AD[0]	ACK64#	GND
23	GND	3.3V	AD[4]	AD[3]	5V	AD[2]	GND
22	GND	AD[7]	GND	3.3V	AD[6]	AD[5]	GND
21	GND	3.3V	AD[9]	AD[8]	M66EN	C/BE[0]#	GND
20	GND	AD[12]	GND	V(I/O)	AD[11]	AD[10]	GND
19	GND	3.3V	AD[15]	AD[14]	GND	AD[13]	GND
18	GND	SERR#	GND	3.3V	PAR	C/BE[1]#	GND
17	GND	3.3V	IPMB_SCL	IPMB_SDA	GND	PERR#	GND
16	GND	DEVSEL#	GND	V(I/O)	STOP#	LOCK#	GND
15	GND	3.3V	FRAME#	IRDY#	BD_SEL#	TRDY#	GND
12–14	Key	Area					
11	GND	AD[18]	AD[17]	AD[16]	GND	C/BE[2]#	GND
10	GND	AD[21]	GND	3.3V	AD[20]	AD[19]	GND
9	GND	C/BE[3]#	IDSEL	AD[23]	GND	AD[22]	GND
8	GND	AD[26]	GND	V(I/O)	AD[25]	AD[24]	GND
7	GND	AD[30]	AD[29]	AD[28]	GND	AD[27]	GND
6	GND	REQ#	GND	3.3V	CLK	AD[31]	GND
5	GND	BRSVP1A5	BRSVP1B5	RST#	GND	GNT#	GND
4	GND	IPMB_PWR	HEALTHY#	V(I/O)	INTP	INTS	GND
3	GND	INTA#	INTB#	INTC#	5V	INTD#	GND
2	GND	TCK	5V	TMS	TDO	TDI	GND
1	GND	5V	–12V	TRST#	+12V	5V	GND

Table B-6: P1 (J1) Connector Pin Out for the Peripheral Slot

P2 (J2) Connector Pin Out for the Peripheral Slot

Pin	Z	A	B	C	D	E	F
22	GND	GA4	GA3	GA2	GA1	GA0	GND
21	GND	PXI_LBR0	GND	PXI_LBR1	PXI_LBR2	PXI_LBR3	GND
20	GND	PXI_LBR4	PXI_LBR5	PXI_LBL0	GND	PXI_LBL1	GND
19	GND	PXI_LBL2	GND	PXI_LBL3	PXI_LBL4	PXI_LBL5	GND
18	GND	PXI_TRIG3	PXI_TRIG4	PXI_TRIG5	GND	PXI_TRIG6	GND
17	GND	PXI_TRIG2	GND	RSV	PXI_STAR	PXI_CLK10	GND
16	GND	PXI_TRIG1	PXI_TRIG0	RSV	GND	PXI_TRIG7	GND
15	GND	PXI_BRSVA15	GND	RSV	PXI_LBL6	PXI_LBR6	GND
14	GND	AD[35]	AD[34]	AD[33]	GND	AD[32]	GND
13	GND	AD[38]	GND	V(I/O)	AD[37]	AD[36]	GND
12	GND	AD[42]	AD[41]	AD[40]	GND	AD[39]	GND
11	GND	AD[45]	GND	V(I/O)	AD[44]	AD[43]	GND
10	GND	AD[49]	AD[48]	AD[47]	GND	AD[46]	GND
9	GND	AD[52]	GND	V(I/O)	AD[51]	AD[50]	GND
8	GND	AD[56]	AD[55]	AD[54]	GND	AD[53]	GND
7	GND	AD[59]	GND	V(I/O)	AD[58]	AD[57]	GND
6	GND	AD[63]	AD[62]	AD[61]	GND	AD[60]	GND
5	GND	C/BE[5]#	GND	V(I/O)	C/BE[4]#	PAR64	GND
4	GND	V(I/O)	PXI_BRSVB4	C/BE[7]#	GND	C/BE[6]#	GND
3	GND	PXI_LBR7	GND	PXI_LBR8	PXI_LBR9	PXI_LBR10	GND
2	GND	PXI_LBR11	PXI_LBR12	UNC	PXI_LBL7	PXI_LBL8	GND
1	GND	PXI_LBL9	GND	PXI_LBL10	PXI_LBL11	PXI_LBL12	GND

Table B-7: P2 (J2) Connector Pin Out for the Peripheral Slot

P5 (J5) Connector Pin Out for the Peripheral Slots (2 – 20)

Pin	Z	A	B	C	D	E	F
22	GND	3.3 V (PXi)	NC	300V	300V	NC	GND
21	GND	3.3 V sat	NC	NC	NC	NC	GND
20	GND	3.3 V sat	3.3 V (PXi)	3.3 V sat	GND		GND
19	GND	DIOB2	GND	3.3 V sat	3.3 V (PXi)	3.3 V sat	GND
18	GND	DIOB1	3.3 V (PXi)	3.3 V sat	GND	3.3 V sat	GND
17	GND	DIOB0	GND	3.3 V sat	3.3 V (PXi)		GND
16	GND	LCB12	3.3 V (PXi)	RCB12	GND		GND
15	GND	LCB11	GND	RCB11	3.3 V (PXi)	ID3	GND
14	GND	LCB10	3.3 V (PXi)	RCB10	GND	ID2	GND
13	GND	LCB9	GND	RCB9	DVL_PS (VEE)	ID1	GND
12	GND	LCB8	DVL_PS (VEE)	DVL_PS (VEE)	GND	ID0	GND
11	GND	LCB7	GND	RCB8	DVL_PS (VEE)		GND
10	GND	DVL_PS (VEE)	DVL_PS (VEE)	DVL_PS (VEE)	GND	DVL_PS (VEE)	GND
9	GND	DVL_PS (VEE)	GND	RCB7	DVH_PS (VCC)	DVL_PS (VEE)	GND
8	GND	LCB6	DVH_PS (VCC)	DVH_PS (VCC)	GND		GND
7	GND	DVH_PS (VCC)	GND	RCB6	DVH_PS (VCC)	DVH_PS (VCC)	GND
6	GND	DVH_PS (VCC)	DVH_PS (VCC)	DVH_PS (VCC)	GND	DVH_PS (VCC)	GND
5	GND	LCB5	GND	RCB5	5V stndby		GND
4	GND	LCB4	5V (PXi)	RCB4	GND	CTL3	GND
3	GND	LCB3	GND	RCB3	-12 V (PXi)	CTL2	GND
2	GND	LCB2	12V (PXi)	RCB2	GND	CTL1	GND
1	GND	LCB1	GND	RCB1		CTL0	GND

Table B-8: P5 (J5) Connector Pin Out for Peripheral Slots

Note: Pin outs for GX7005A & GX7015A chassis only.

P5 (J5) Connector Pin Out for Peripheral Slots (2- 20)

Voltage V1	Voltage V2	Voltage V3	Ground	Ground
P5.A20	P5.A6	P5.A9	P5.B1	P5.D2
P5.A21	P5.A7	P5.A10	P5.B3	P5.D4
P5.C17	P5.B6	P5.B10	P5.B5	P5.D6
P5.C18	P5.B8	P5. B12	P5.B7	P5. D8
P5.C19	P5.C6	P5.C10	P5.B9	P5.D10
P5.C20	P5.C8	P5.C12	P5.B11	P5.D12
P5.E18	P5.D7	P5.D11	P5.B13	P5.D14
P5.E19	P5.D9	P5.D13	P5.B15	P5.D16
	P5.E6	P5.E9	P5.B17	P5.D18
	P5.E7	P5.E10	P5.B19	P5.D20

Table B-9: P5 (j5) Connector Pin Out for Peripheral Slots – GX7015-EXT Chassis

Appendix C – Rear Panel Connector Layout

This section provides information on the rear panel connectors of the GX7000A/ GX7010A (when used in conjunction with the GX79XX embedded controller).

Serial Port Connector

Connector Type: D-Sub, 9 pins
 Mating Connector: 9-pin D-Sub, Female

Pin #	Signal Name	Signal Function	Direction
1	DCD	Data carrier detect	In
2	RXD	Receive data	In
3	TXD	Transmit data	Out
4	DTR	Data terminal ready	Out
5	GND	Signal ground	--
6	DSR	Data send request	In
7	RTS	Request to send	Out
8	CTS	Clear to send	In
9	RI	Ring indicator	In

Keyboard Connector

Connector Type: PS/2 mini DIN
 Mating Connector: PS/2, Male

Pin #	Signal Name	Signal Function	Direction
1	KDATA	Keyboard data	In/out
2	MDATA	Mouse data	In/out
3	GND	Ground signal	--
4	VCC	VCC signal	--
5	KCLK	Keyboard clock	Out
6	MCLK	Mouse clock	Out

Mouse Connector

Connector Type: PS/2 mini DIN

Mating Connector: PS/2, Male

Pin #	Signal Name	Signal Function	Direction
1	MDATA	Mouse data	In/out
2	NC	No Connection	--
3	GND	Ground signal	--
4	VCC	VCC signal	--
5	MCLK	Mouse clock	Out
6	NC	No Connection	--

Ethernet Connector

Connector Type: RJ45

Mating Connector: RJ45, Male

Pin #	Signal Name	Signal Function	Direction
1	TX+	Transmit +	Out
2	TX-	Transmit –	Out
3	RX+	Receive +	In
4	NC	--	--
5	NC	--	--
6	RX-	Receive –	In
7	NC	--	--
8	NC	--	--

USB Connector

Connector Type: USB

Mating Connector: USB

Pin #	Signal Name	Signal Function	Direction
1	VCC	VCC signal	--
2	UV0-	Differential USB-	In/Out
3	UV0+	Differential USB+	In/Out
4	GND	GND signal	--

Optional SCSI Connector

Connector Type: SCSI

Mating Connector: SCSI-3

Pin #	Signal	Pin #	Signal	Pin #	Signal
1	GND	24	GND	47	-DB(7)
2	GND	25	GND	48	-DB(P)
3	GND	26	GND	49	GND
4	GND	27	GND	50	CONN-Detect
5	GND	28	GND	51	TERMPWR
6	GND	29	GND	52	TERMPWR
7	GND	30	GND	53	RESERVED
8	GND	31	GND	54	GND
9	GND	32	GND	55	-ATN
10	GND	33	GND	56	GND
11	GND	34	GND	57	-BSY
12	GND	35	-DB(12)	58	-ACK
13	GND	36	-DB(13)	59	-RST
14	GND	37	-DB(14)	60	-MSG
15	GND	38	-DB(15)	61	-SEL
16	GND	39	-DB(P1)	62	-C/D
17	TERMPWR*	40	-DB(0)	63	-REQ
18	TERMPWR*	41	-DB(1)	64	-I/O
19	RESERVED*	42	-DB(2)	65	-DB(8)
20	GND	43	-DB(3)	66	-DB(9)
21	GND	44	-DB(4)	67	-DB(10)
22	GND	45	-DB(5)	68	-DB(11)
23	GND	46	-DB(6)		

Parallel Port Connector

Connector Type: D-Sub, 25 Pins

Mating Connector: 25 pin D-Sub, Male

Pin #	Signal Name	Signal Function	Direction	Pin #	Signal Name	Signal Function	Direction
1	-STB	Strobe data	Out	14	-AFD	Auto feed	Out
2	PD0	LSB of printer data	Out	15	-ERR	Printer error	In
3	PD1	Printer data 1	Out	16	-INIT	Initialize printer	Out
4	PD2	Printer data 2	Out	17	-SLIN	Select printer	Out
5	PD3	Printer data 3	Out	18	GND	Signal ground	N/A
6	PD4	Printer data 4	Out	19	GND	Signal ground	N/A
7	PD5	Printer data 5	Out	20	GND	Signal ground	N/A
8	PD6	Printer data 6	Out	21	GND	Signal ground	N/A
9	PD7	Printer data 7	Out	22	GND	Signal ground	N/A
10	-ACK	Character accepted	In	23	GND	Signal ground	N/A
11	BSY	Busy	In	24	GND	Signal ground	N/A
12	PE	Paper end	In	25	GND	Signal ground	N/A
13	SLCT	Ready to receive	In				

Appendix D – GX7015-EXT Rear Panel Power Connections

The five connector located on the rear panel of the GX7015-EXT provide up to (3) voltages to the P5 PXI connectors in slots 2 through 20.

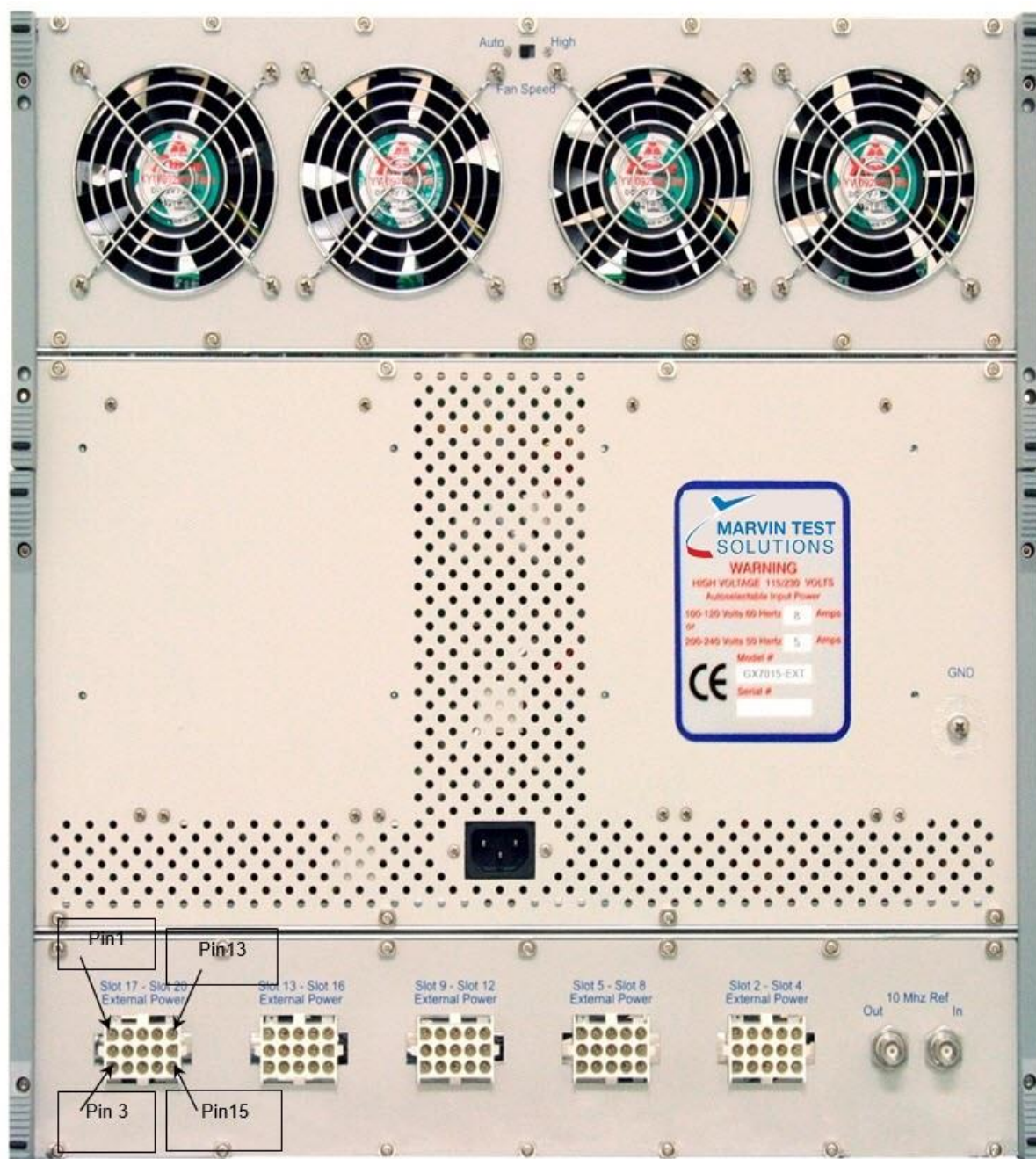


Figure D-1: GX7015-EXT, Rear Panel; Power Connections

Additionally, each of these voltage rails includes a remote sense connection which is connected at the PXI backplane in order to minimize voltage drop. Each voltage rail can deliver up to 3A per PXI slot. For high current applications, all voltage pins must be utilized. Pin outs for the external voltage connectors are detailed in the following table:

Pin	Signal
1	V1
2	V1
3	V1_Sense
4	Ground
5	Ground
6	Ground
7	V2
8	V2
9	V2_Sense
10	Ground
11	Ground
12	Ground
13	V3
14	V3
15	V3_Sense

Table D-1: External Power Connector Pin Out Table

The mating connector and pins for the external power connectors is a Molex part:

- Connector: P/N 050-84-1155, 15 position
- Pins: P/N 002-08-1004, requires 15 per connector

Appendix E – Universal Interface Receiver (GX7500)

Introduction

The optional GX7500 Universal Interface Receiver for GX7000A/GX7010A PXI Chassis provides a customizable mass interconnect solution of any test and measurement, data acquisition, and process control application. The GX7500 allows users to select any combination of mass interconnect products from Virginia Panel Corporation (VPC), MacPanel Corporation, ITT Cannon, or any other vendor.

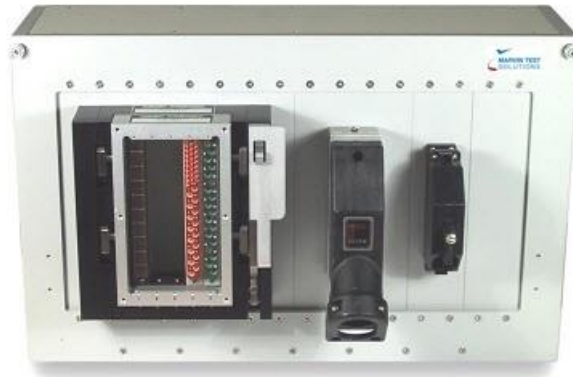


Figure E-1: GX7500 Universal Interface Receiver

Architecture

The GX7500 is a box that connects to the front of PXI chassis using 6 screws. The box has a front door that is used to mount the different connectors. Cables running from the PXI instruments to the connectors will pass signals outside of the box. The front door with the mounted connectors can be open down by unscrewing two additional screws on the top (front) right and left sides of the box. The door has a hydraulic hinged that connects the front door to the inside of the left and right panels of the box. Once the door is open the operator can access and remove or insert PXI instruments to and from the chassis as well to the rear section of the mass interconnect modules. The depth of the GX7500 provides sufficient space for wiring harnesses.

Up to eight modules can be used with the GX7500, providing unparalleled versatility and flexibility. The smallest module is 2" wide and these modules accommodate ZIF connectors from ITT Cannon as well as BNC or custom connectors. 4" modules accommodate Click connectors from VPC or MPX connectors from MacPanel. The 8" modules accommodate the MacPanel L-2000 series (5-Modules) and the VPC Series 90 receivers (4-8 modules). 16" modules can accommodate full-size receivers such as the 25-module Series 90 from VPC. The mass interconnect products can handle any signal requirements including optical, digital, power, coaxial, and twin axial. Custom configurations available.

Specifications

Size	19"(w) x 11.75"(h) x 5.25"(d)
Weight (approximate)	12.5 lbs

Model Numbers

Model Number	Description
GX7500	Universal Modular PXI Interface Receiver (accommodates 1 to 8 receiver modules)
GX7510	ITT Cannon Receiver Module (1 module wide)
GX7520	Virginia Panel Click Receiver Module (2 module wide)
GX7530	MacPanel MPX Receiver Module (2 module wide)
GX7540	MacPanel L2000 5-slot Receiver Module (4 module wide)
GX7501	Blank panel for GX7500, 1 module wide (2 inches)
GX7502	Blank panel for GX7500, 2 module wide (4 inches)
GX7504	Blank panel for GX7500, 4 module wide (8 inches)

Appendix F – Model Numbers

Chassis Model Numbers

The following are the PXI chassis model numbers:

Model #	Description
GX7000A	6U, 20 Slot PXI Chassis with built-in CD-ROM, Hard Disk and Floppy Disk Drives
GX7000B	6U, 20 Slot PXI Chassis with built-in CD-ROM, Hard Disk
GX7010A/B	6U, 20 Slot PXI Chassis for use with PXI Bus Expander
GX7000A-1100	GX7000A with 1100W of available power
GX7010A--1100	GX7010A with 1100W of available power
GX7002A	GX7000A with integrated cable tray and hinged front panel for mass interconnect applications.
GX7002B	GX7000B with integrated cable tray and hinged front panel for mass interconnect applications
GX7012A	GX7010A with integrated cable tray and hinged front panel for mass interconnect applications.
GX7012B	GX7010B with integrated cable tray and hinged front panel for mass interconnect applications
GX7002A -1100	GX7002A with 1100W of available power
GX7012A -1100	GX7012A with 1100W of available power
GX7005A	6U, 20 slot PXI chassis with 4.5 KW system power. Built in hard disk and DVD drive
GX7015A	6U, 20 slot PXI chassis with 4.5 KW system power for use with external controller
GX79XX-XXXX	CPU Plug-in controller for GX70xxA. Contract factory for specific model numbers.

Chassis Accessory Model Numbers

The following are the PXI chassis accessory model numbers:

Model #	Description
GX97000	Rack mount kit for GX700A/B
GX97003	Rack mount kit with handles for GX700A/B
GX97001	Blank Panel for GX700A/B, 1-slot wide
GX97002	Blank Panel for GX700A/B, 2-slots wide
GX97004	Blank Panel for GX700A/B, 4-slots wide
GX97005	3U to 6U Panel Adapter (allows a 3U instrument to fit into a 6U chassis)
GX97001	Extra GX700A/B User Manual
GX75xx	Interface parts, See appendix E

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